



İSTANBUL GİRİŞİMSEL KARDİYOLOJİ KURSU

17-18 Şubat
2017

Radisson Blu Hotel İstanbul Şişli

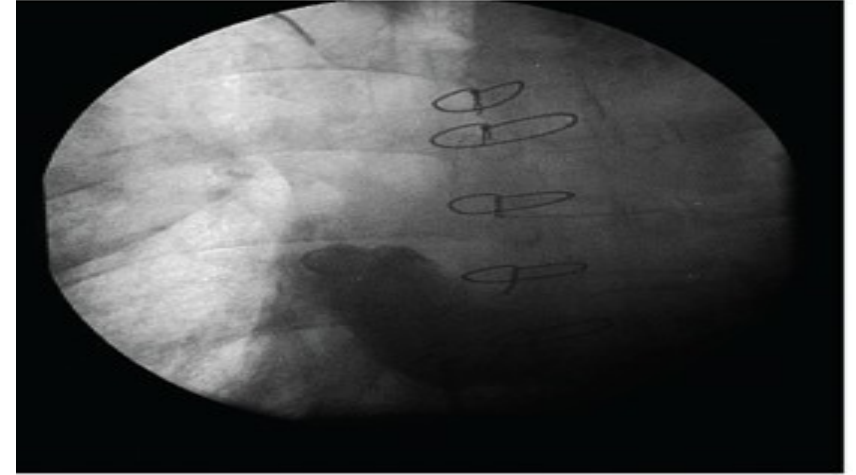


PACEMAKER VE KRT'DE ALTERNATİF LEADLER VE YERLEŞTİRME YERLERİ

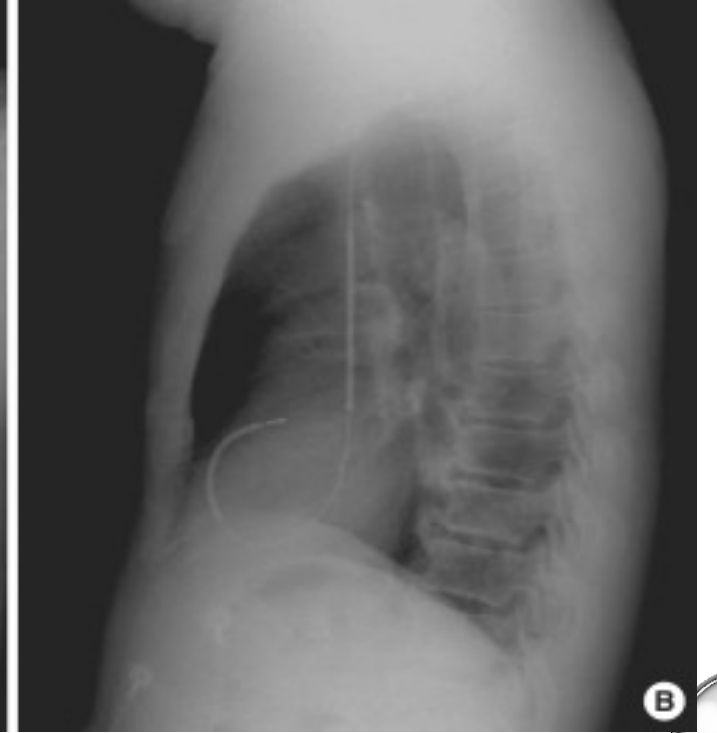
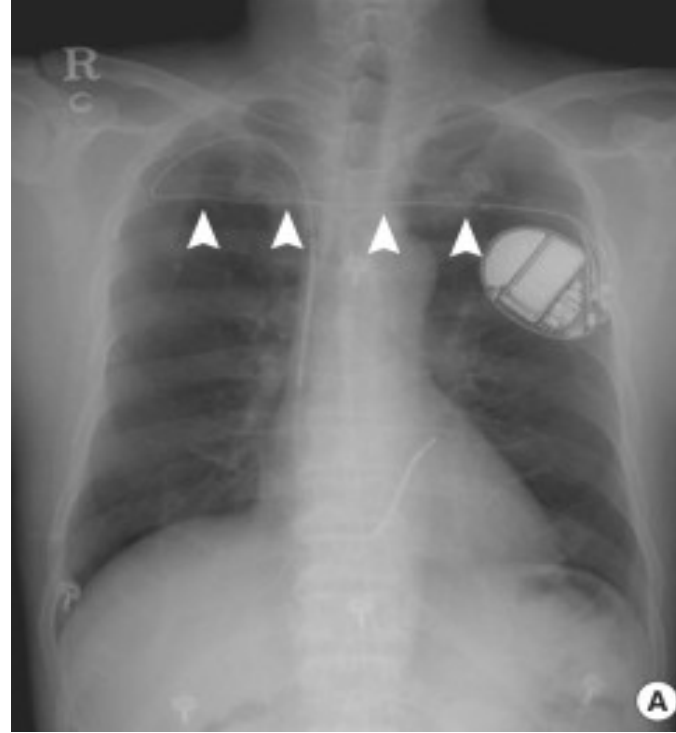
PROF. DR. MURAT SUCU

GAZİANTEP ÜNİVERSİTESİ TIP FAKÜLTESİ KARDİYOLOJİ A.D.

GİRİŞİM YERİ ALTERNATIFLERİ



İPSİLATERAL BATARYA YERLEŐTİRME



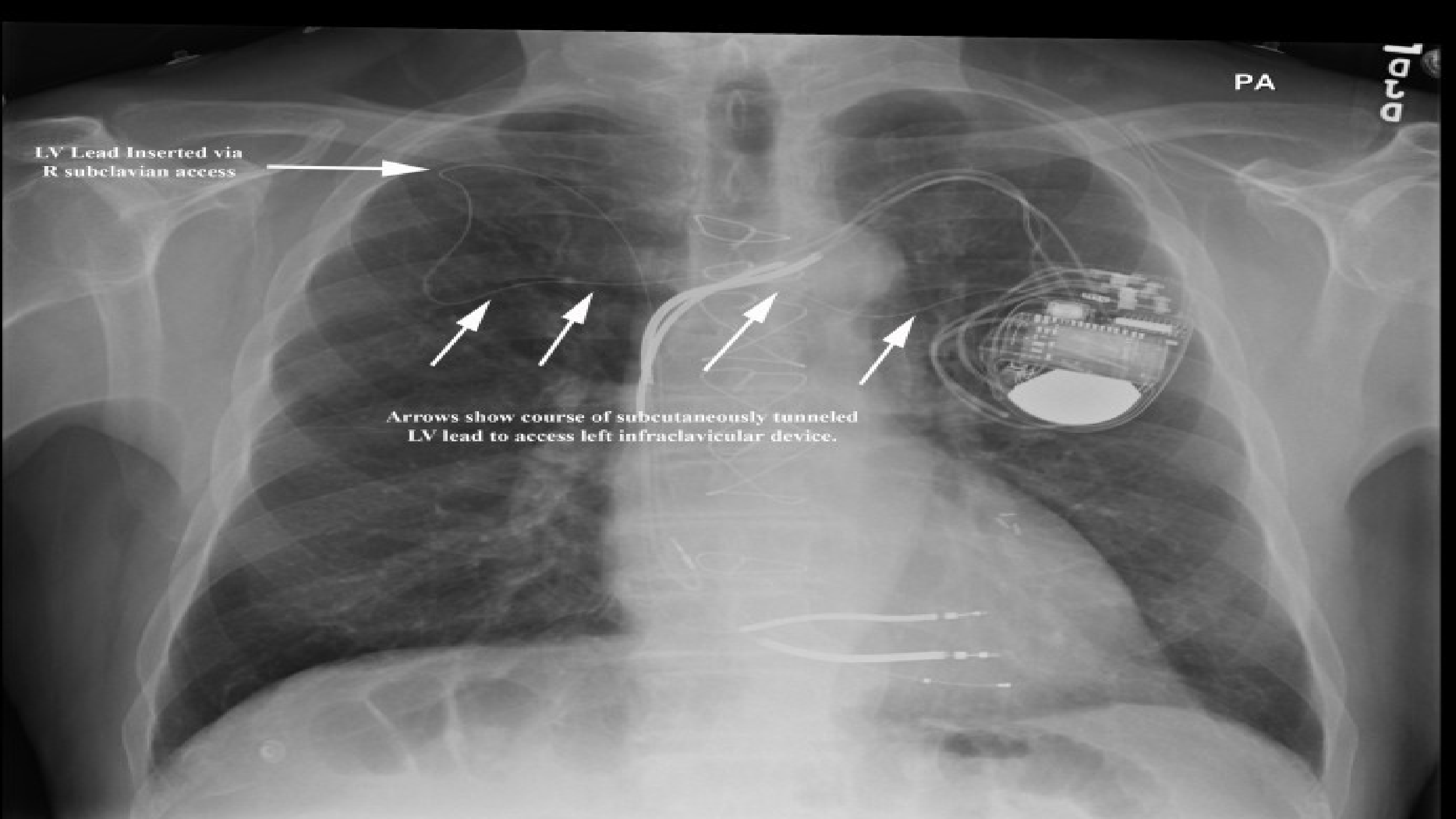
PA

1040

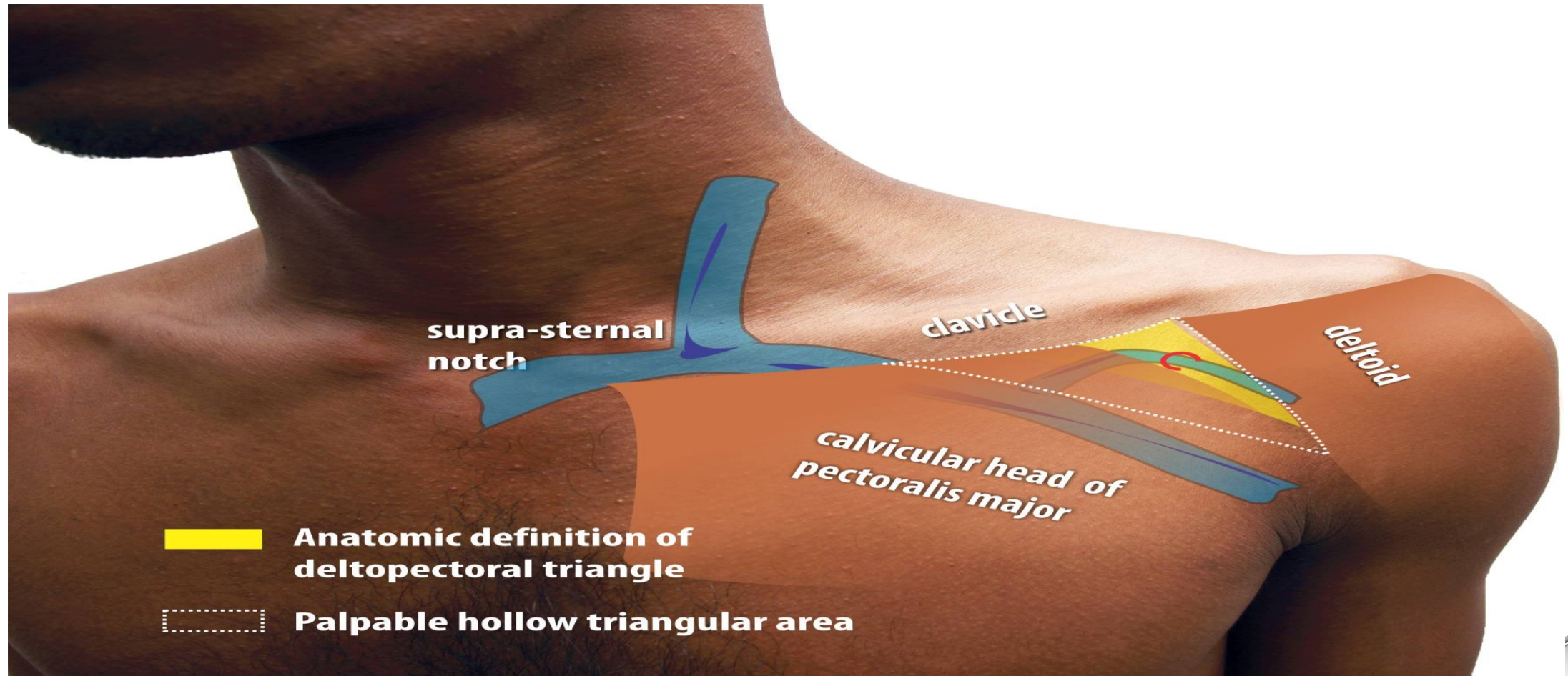
LV Lead Inserted via
R subclavian access



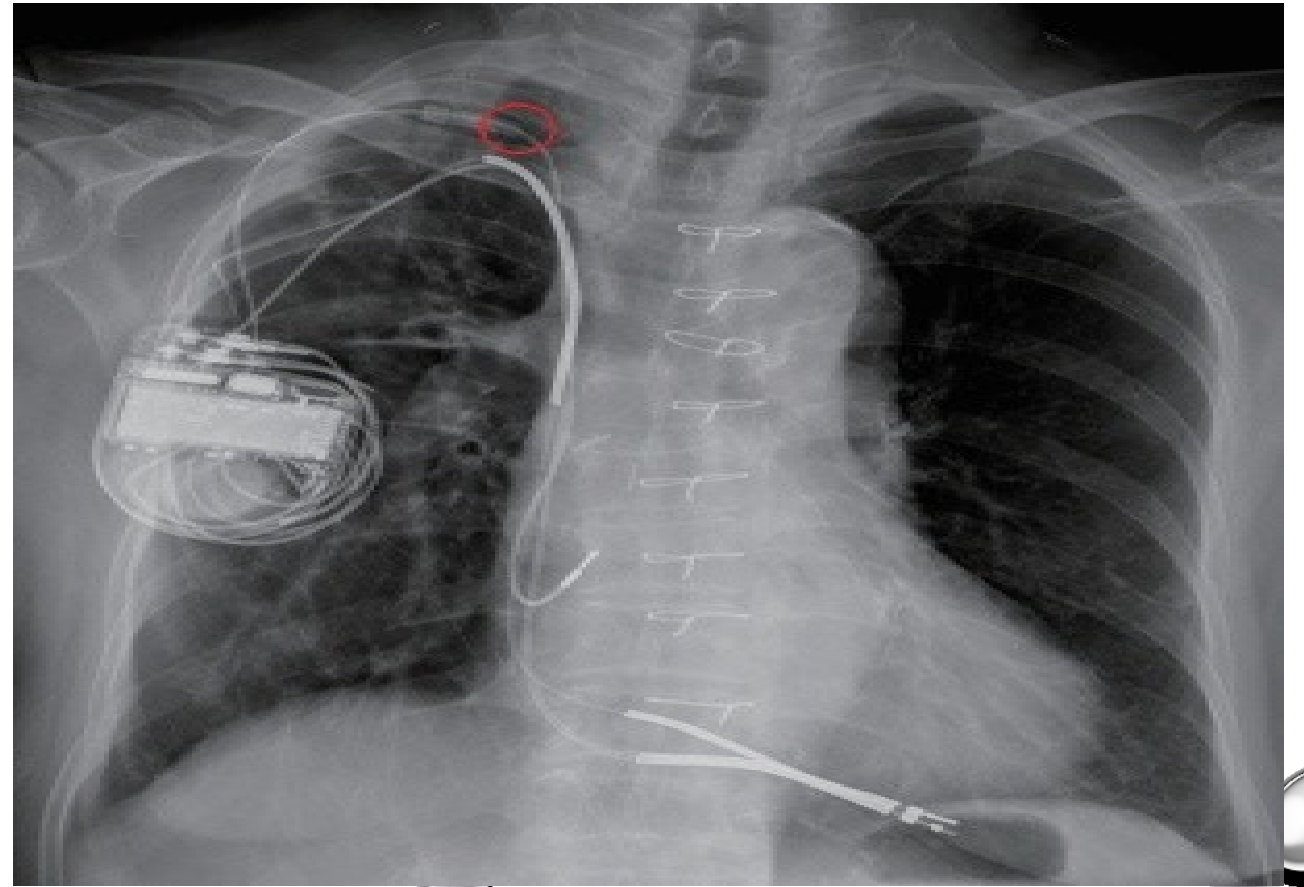
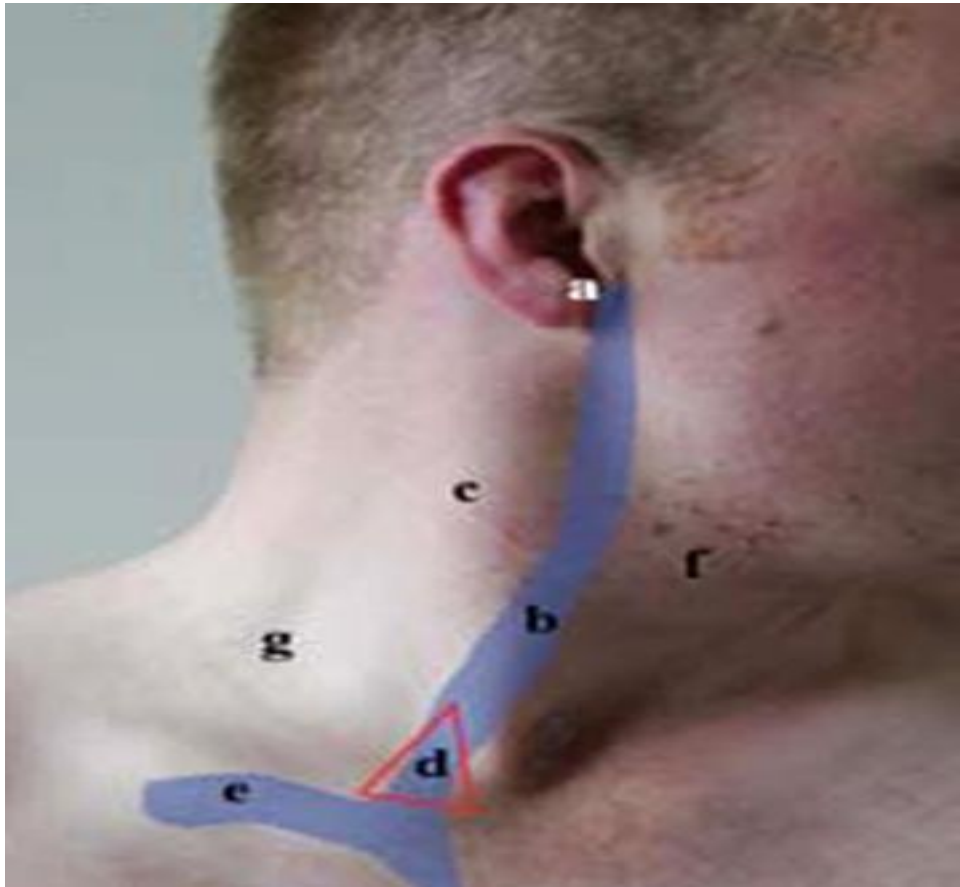
Arrows show course of subcutaneously tunneled
LV lead to access left infraclavicular device.



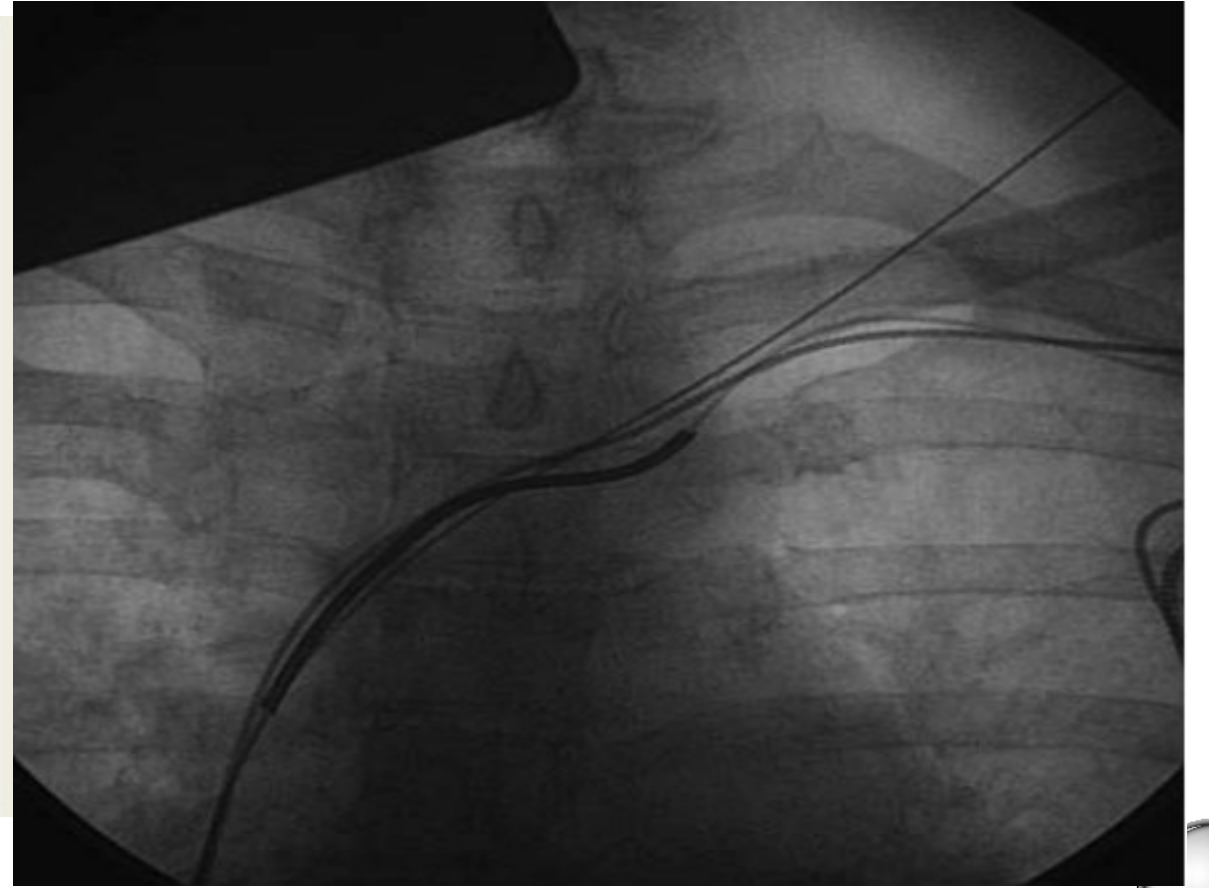
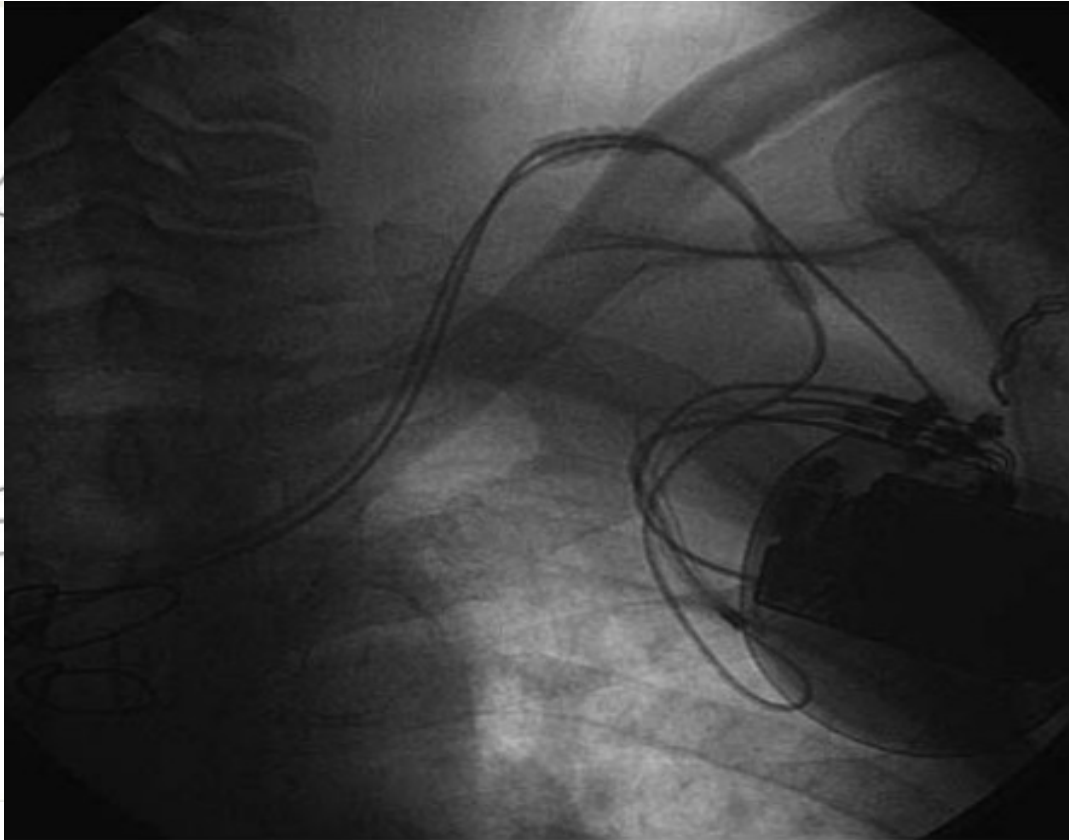
CEPHALIC VEN CUTDOWN



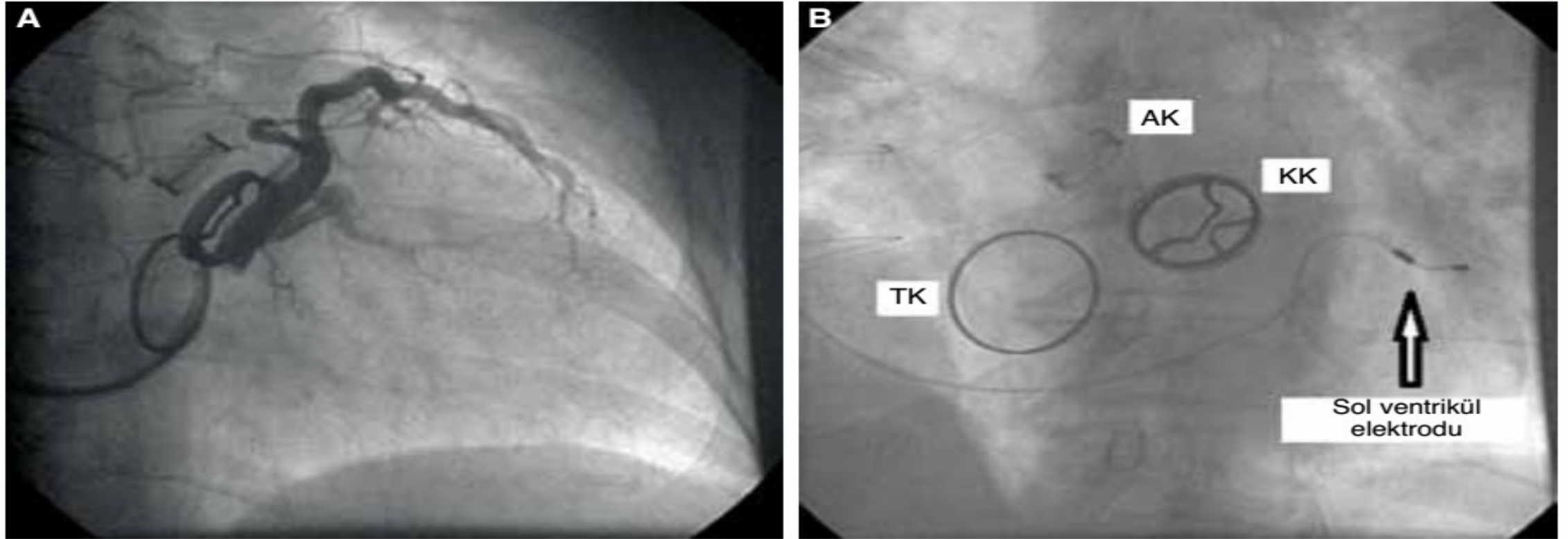
INTERNAL JUGULAR VEN



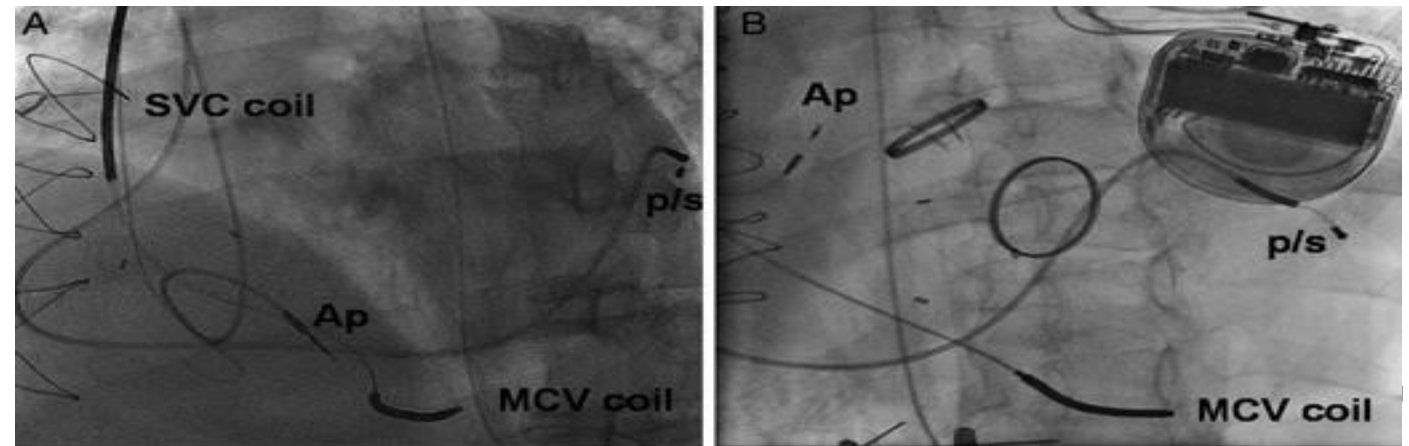
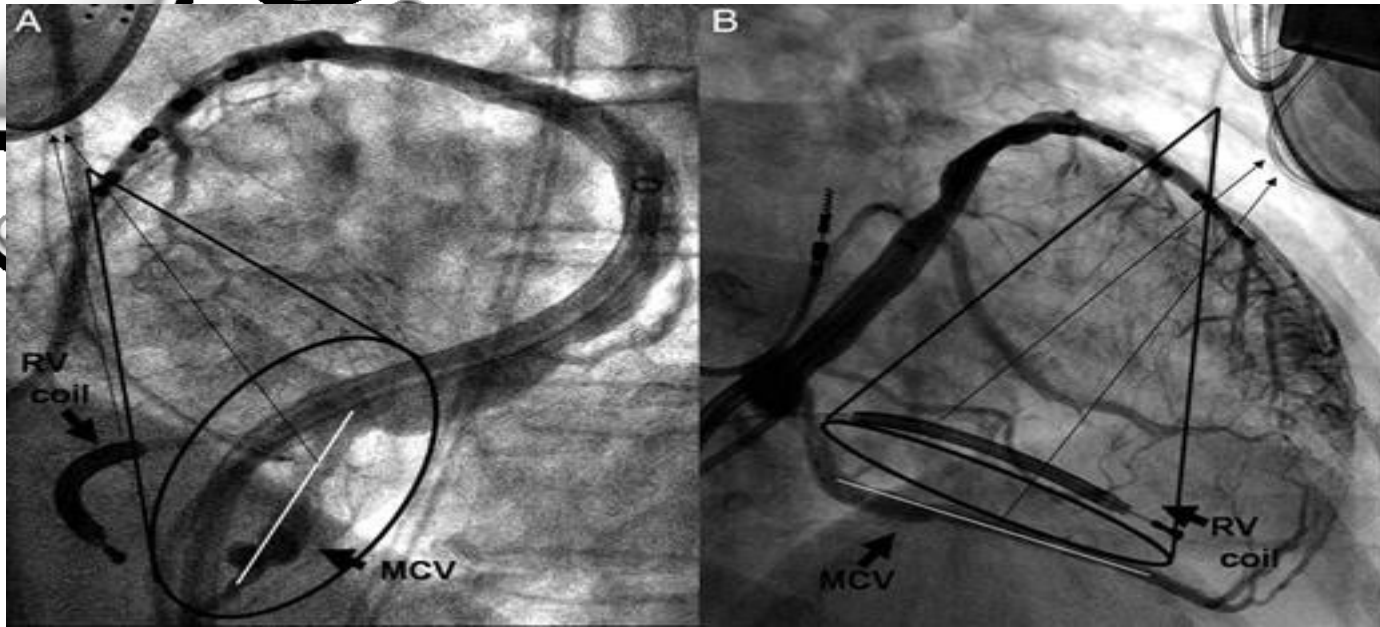
SUPRAKLAVİKULAR VEN



KORONER SINÜS YAKLAŞIM

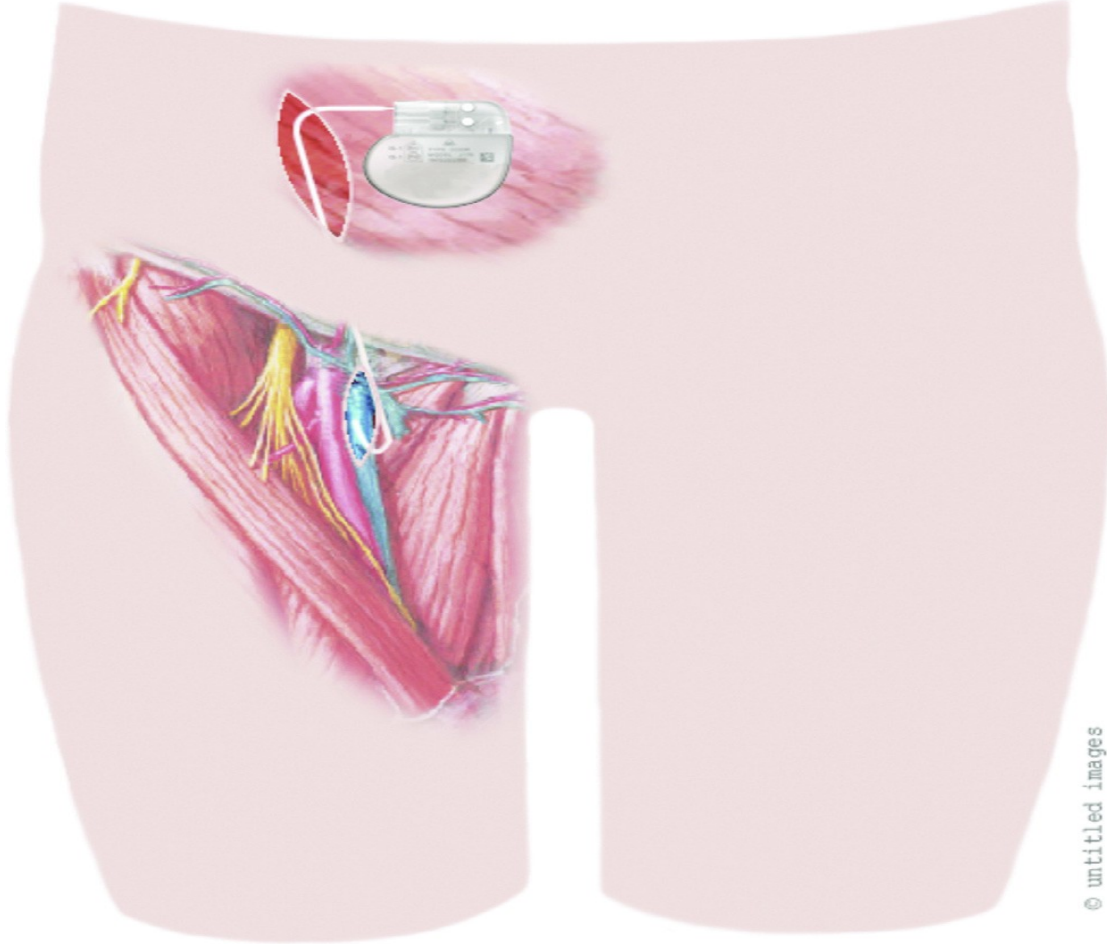


Şekil 1. (A) Koroner sinüs venogramı. **(B)** Lateral kardiyak vene sol ventrikül elektrodunun yerleştirilmesi. AK: Aortik kapak; MK: Mitral kapak; TK: Triküspit kapak.



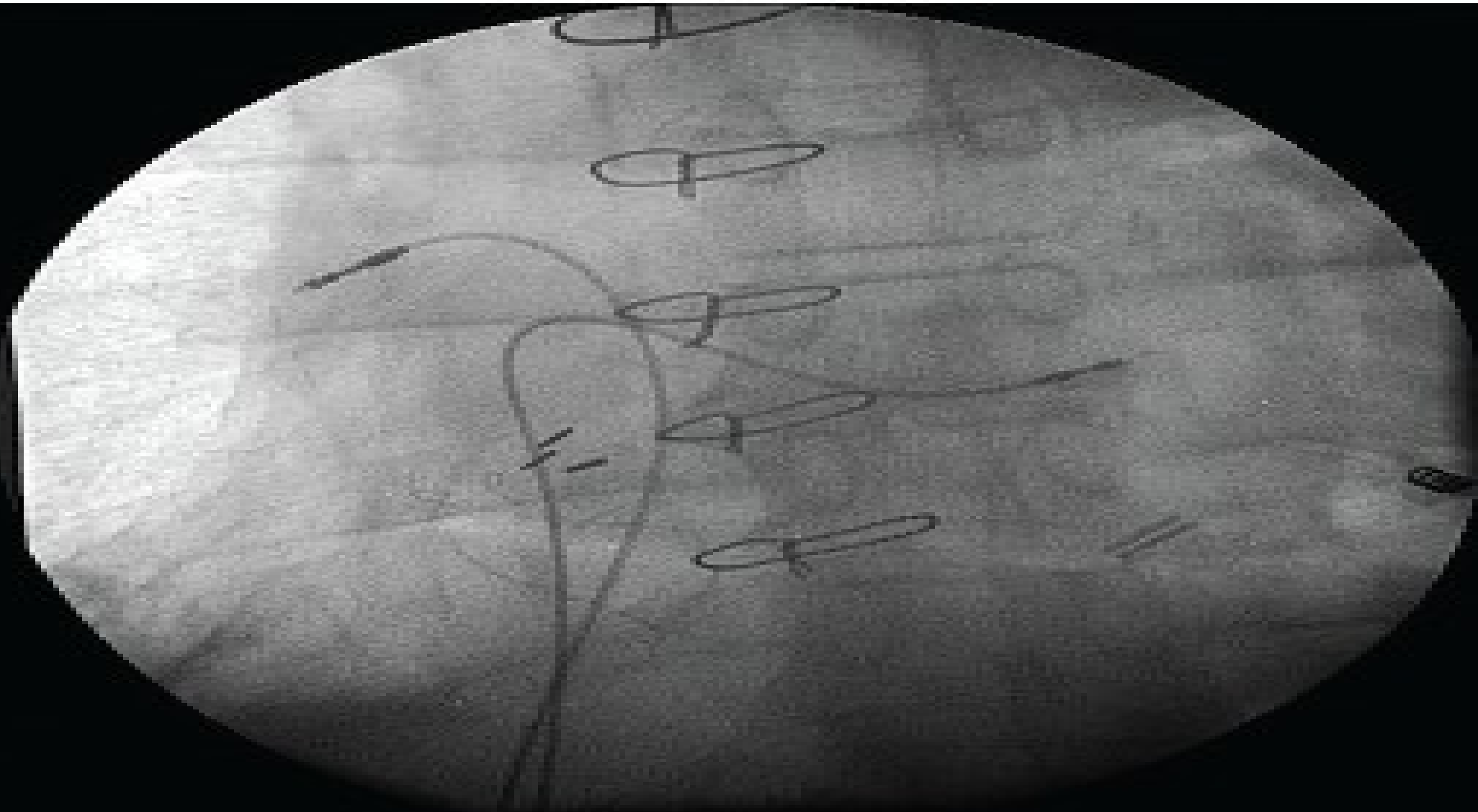
[J. Alberto Lopez.](#) Implantable cardioverter defibrillator lead placement in the middle cardiac vein after tricuspid valve surgery *Europace* (2012) 14 (6): 853-858.

FEMORAL YAKLAŞIM



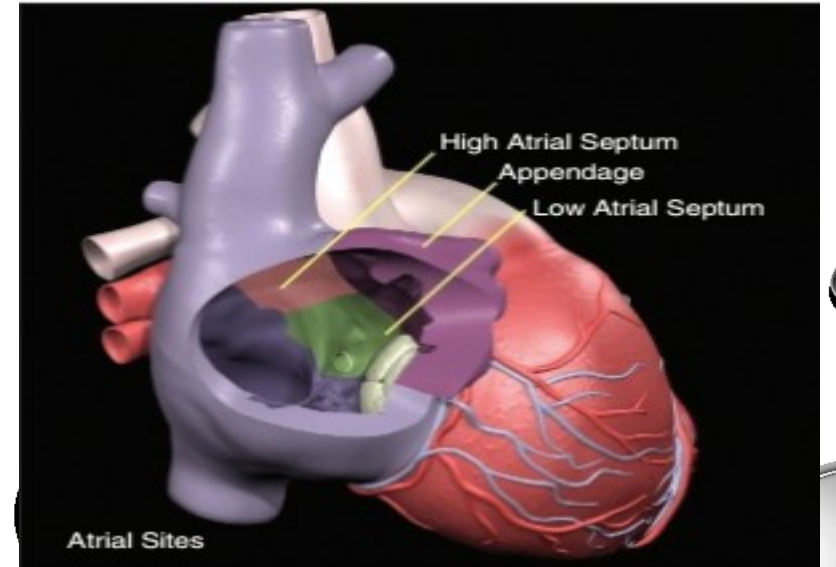
© untitled images



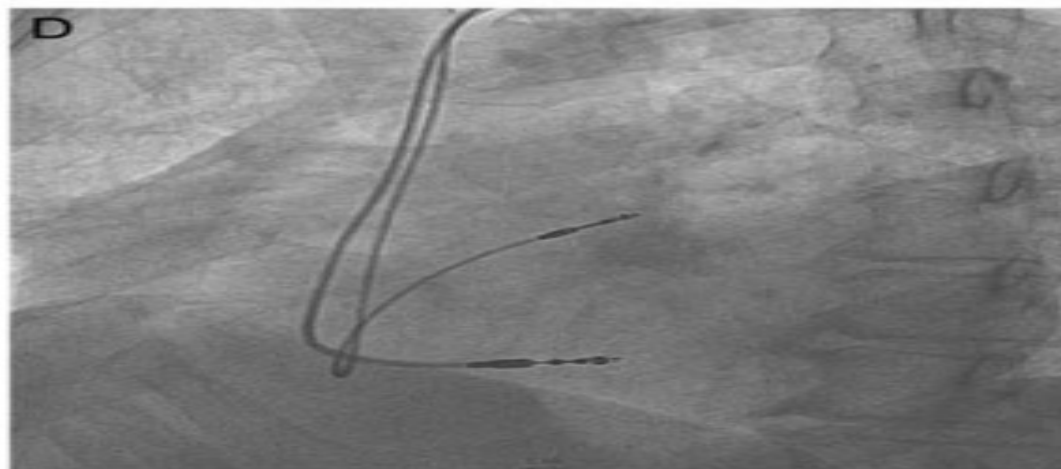
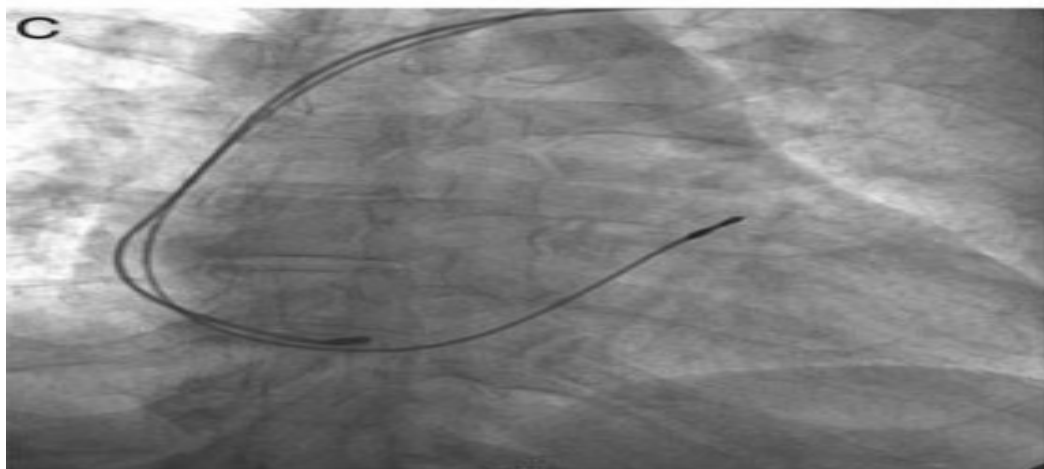
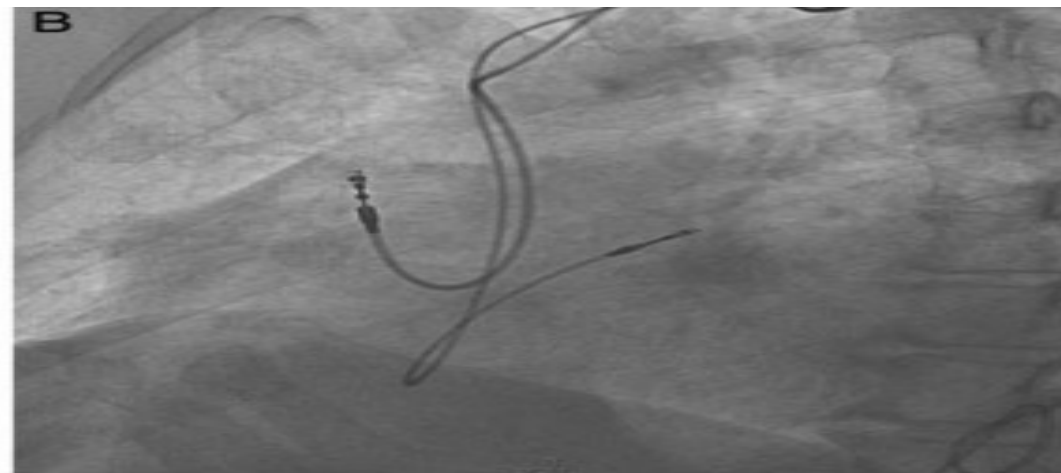
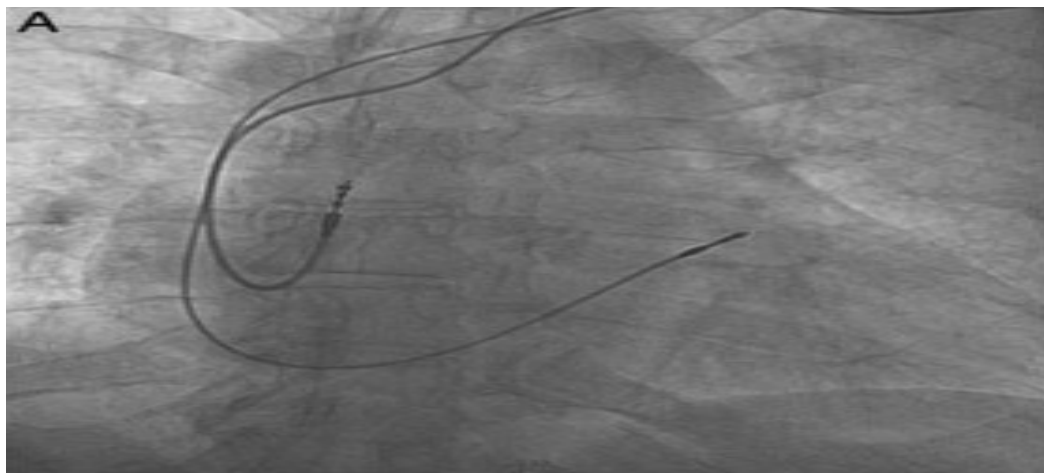


ALTERNATIF ATRIAL LEAD YERLEŐİMLERİ

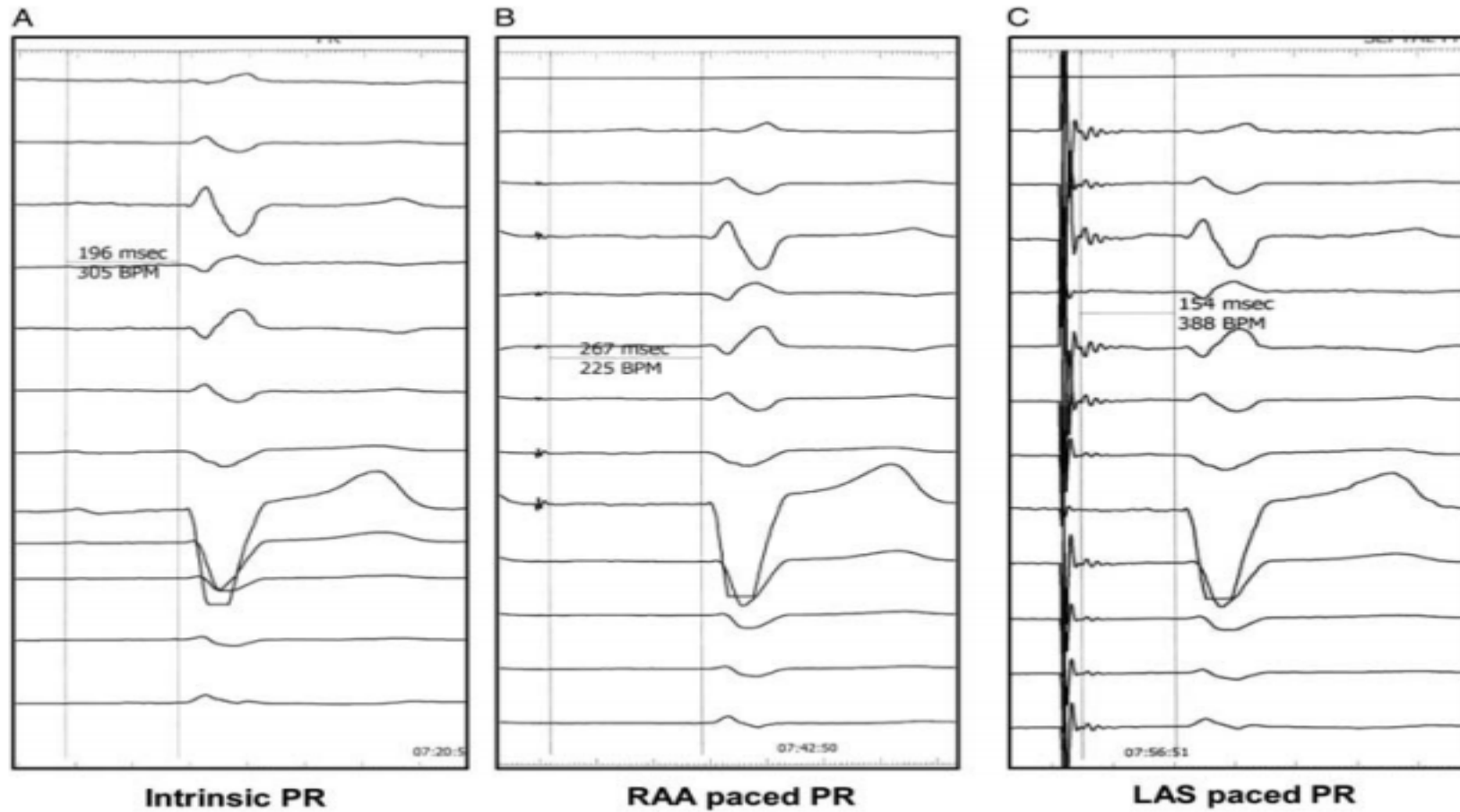
- İNERATRIAL SEPTUM, BACHMANN'S BUNDLE LOW, CLOSE TO THE CORONARY SINUS OS;
- BIATRIAL
- SAĐ ATRIUMDA İKİ LEAD.



SAĞ ATRIAL LOW SEPTUM

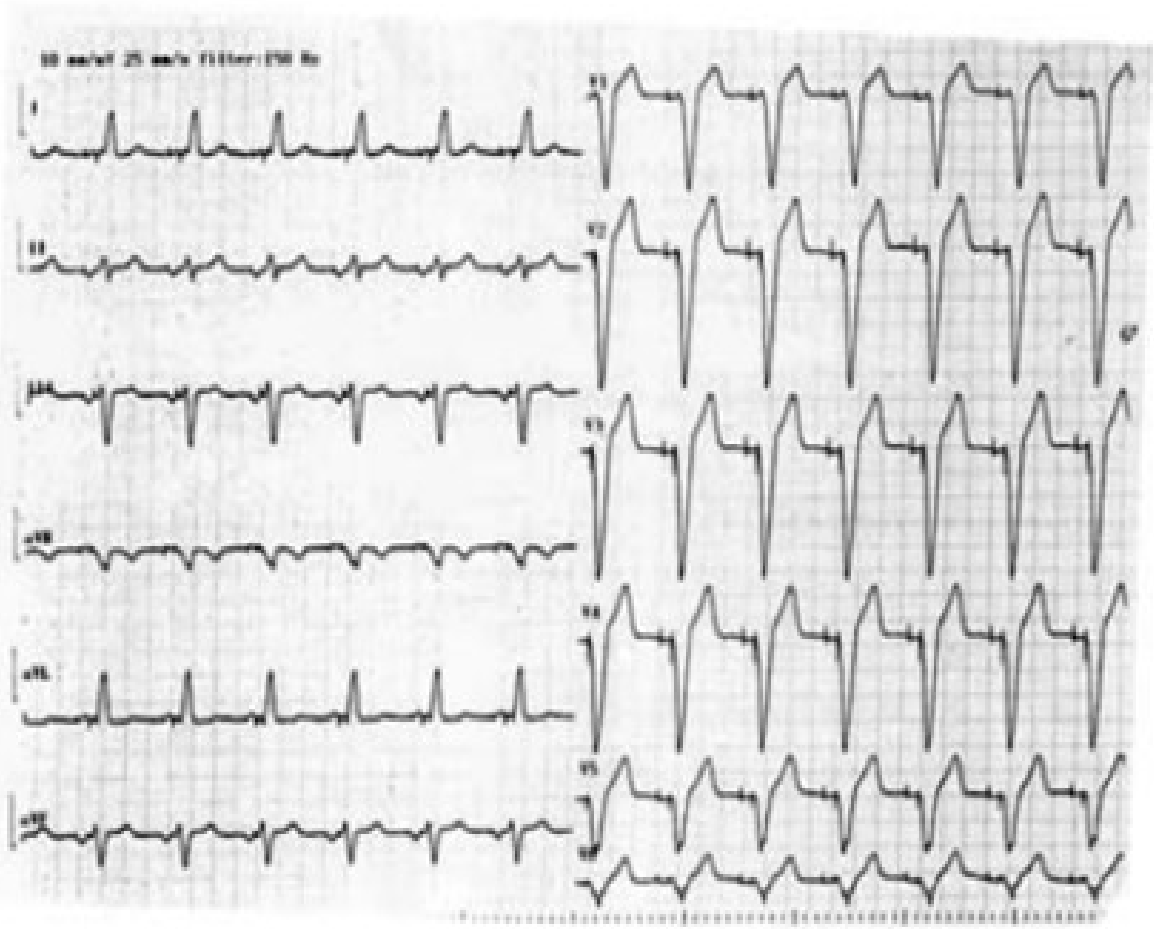
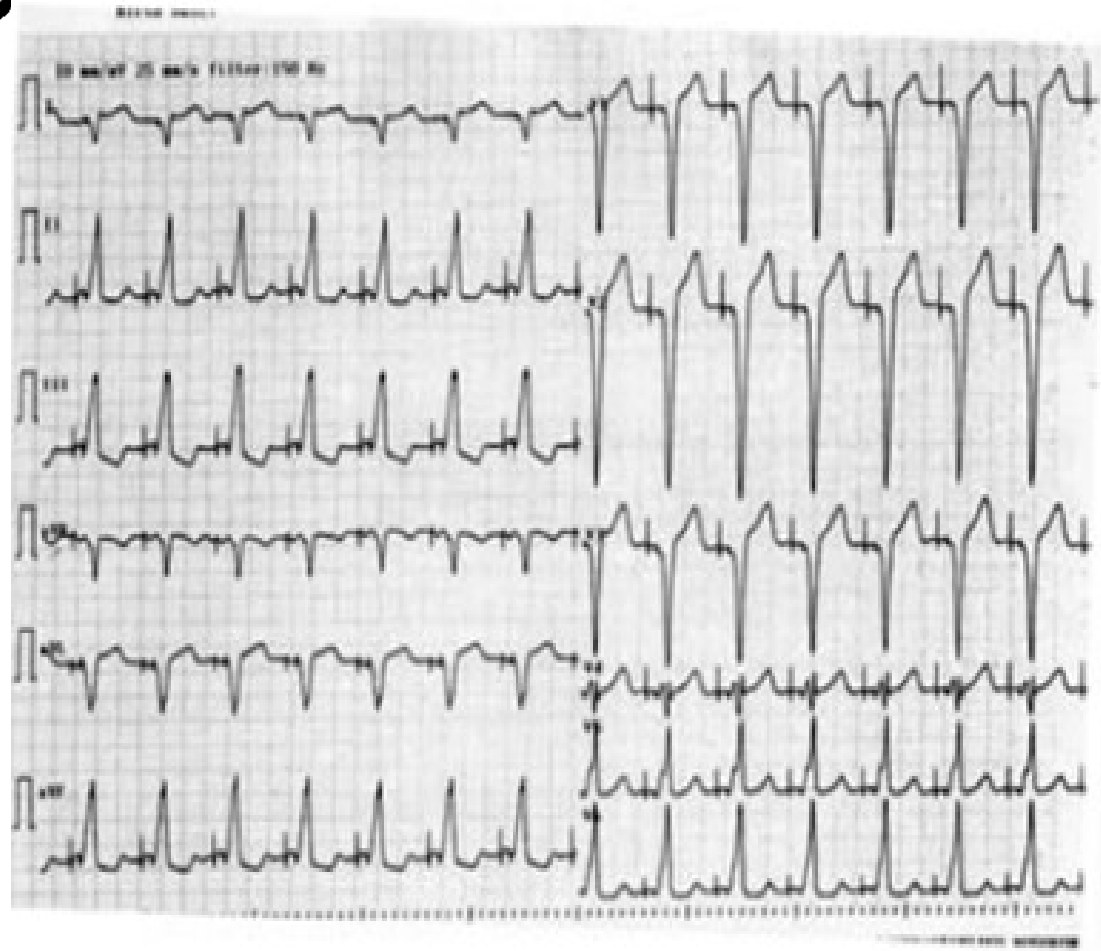


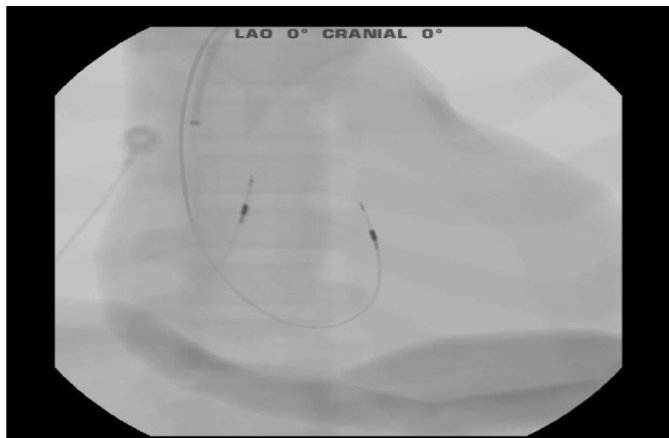
SAĞ ATRIAL LOW SEPTUM



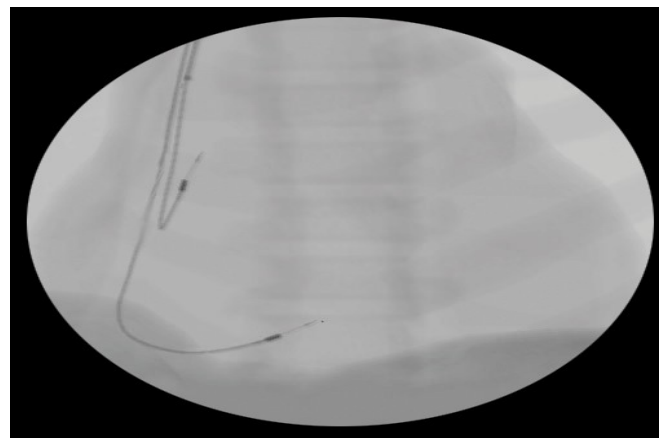
RA SEPTUM+RVOT HIGH

CS OS+RVOT MID

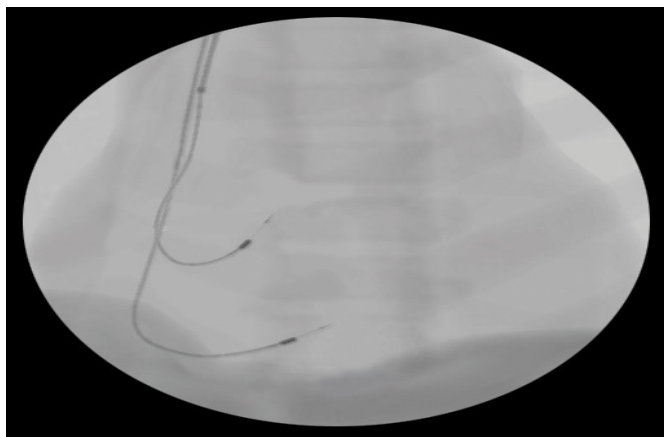




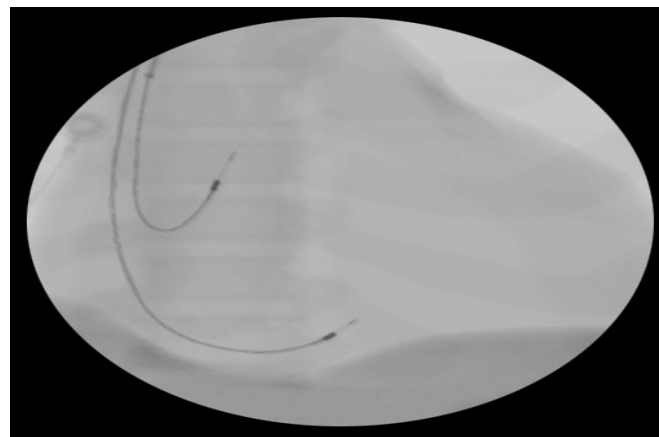
Right Atrial Appendage — AP view



Right Atrial Appendage — LAO view



High Interatrial Septum — AP view

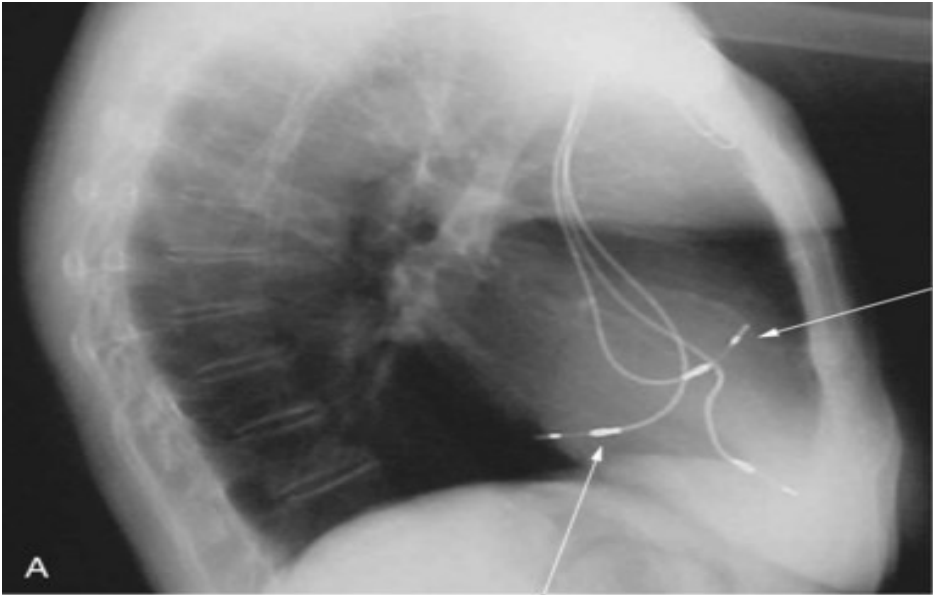
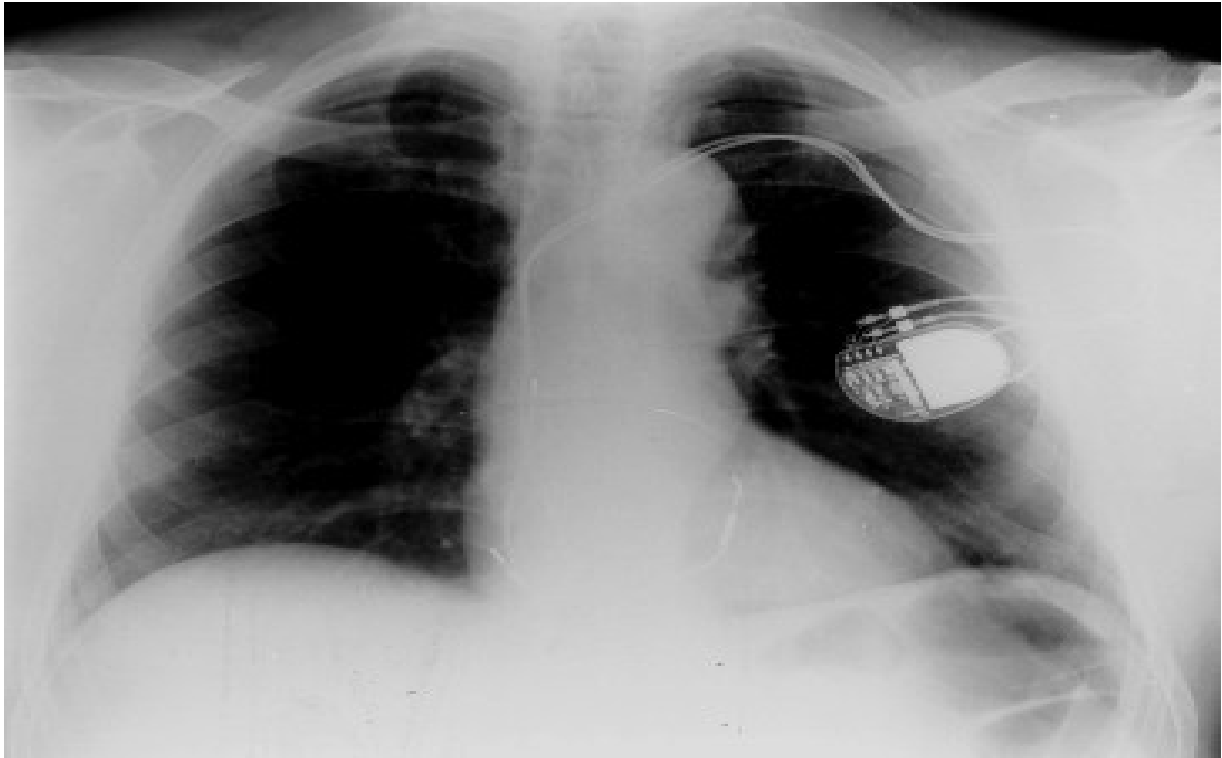


High Interatrial Septum — LAO view

RIGHT ATRIAL HIGH SEPTUM

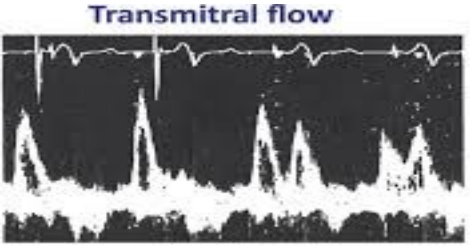


BIATRIAL PACING

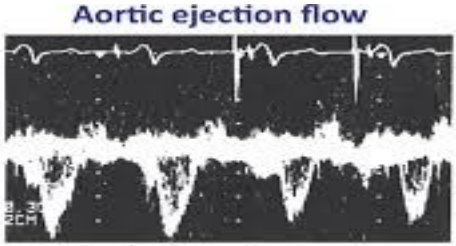


High RA lead

Coronary sinus ostial lead



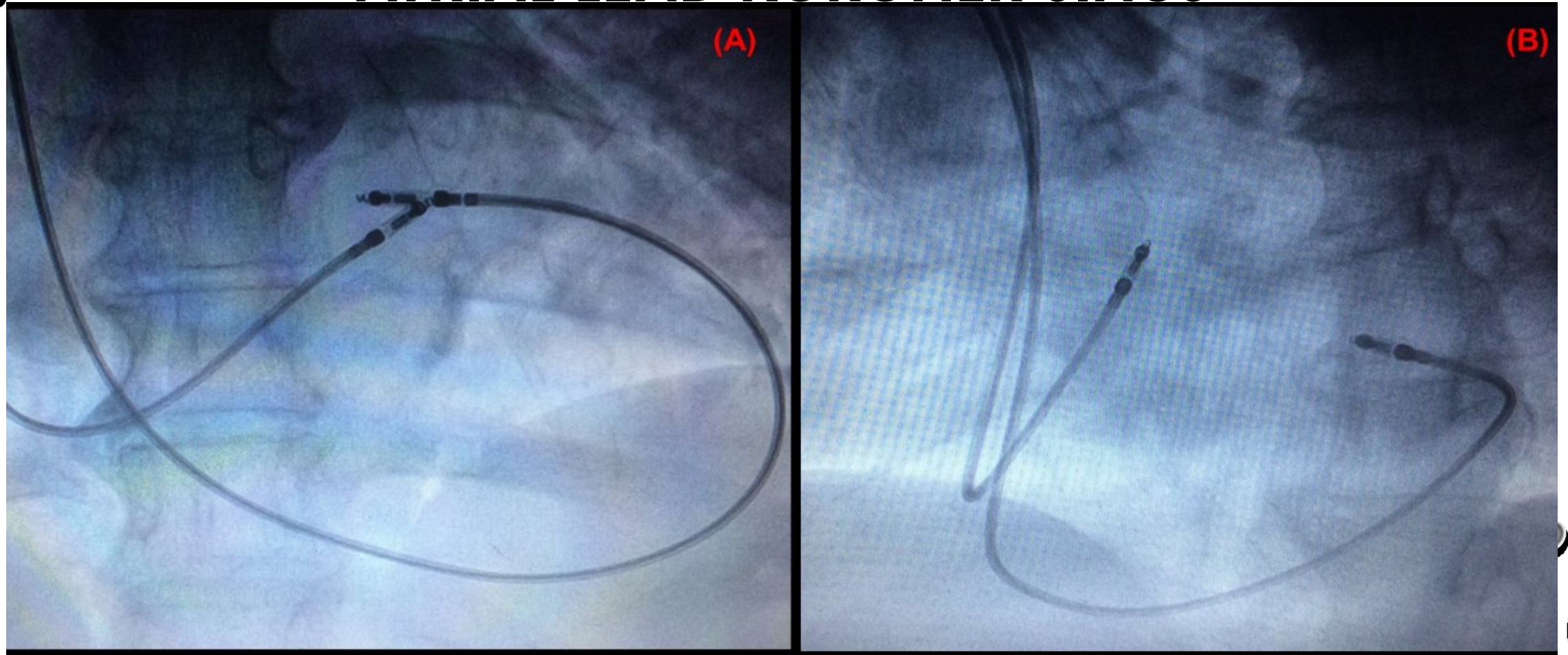
Single RA → Biatrial



Biatrial → Single RA

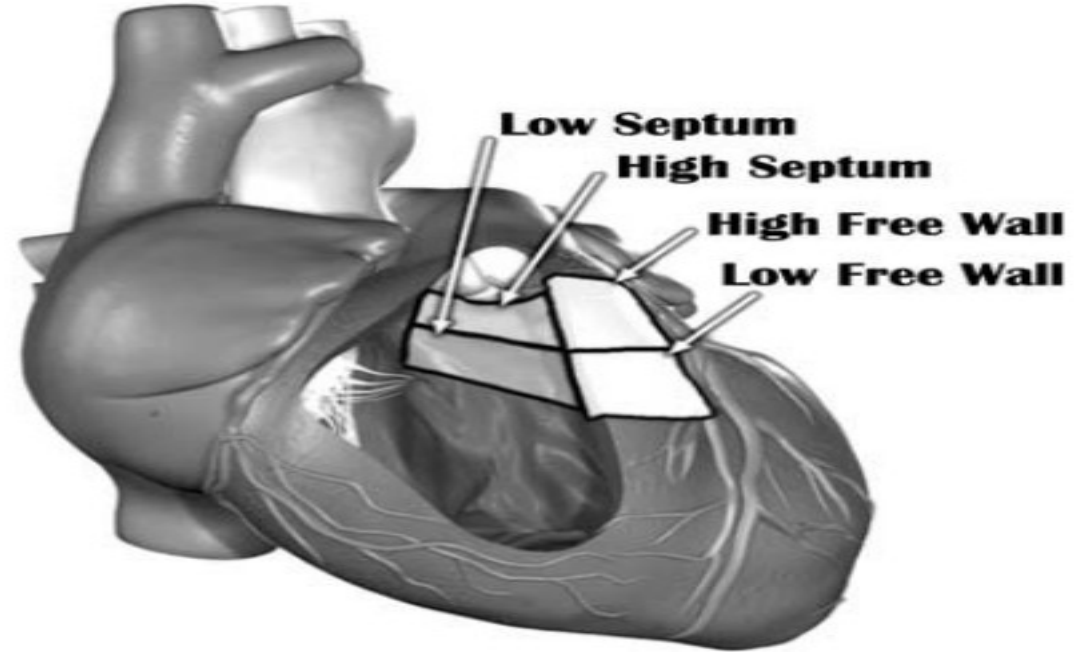
2012 EHRA/HRS expert consensus statement on cardiac resynchronization therapy in heart failure

ATRIAL LEAD KORONER SINUS

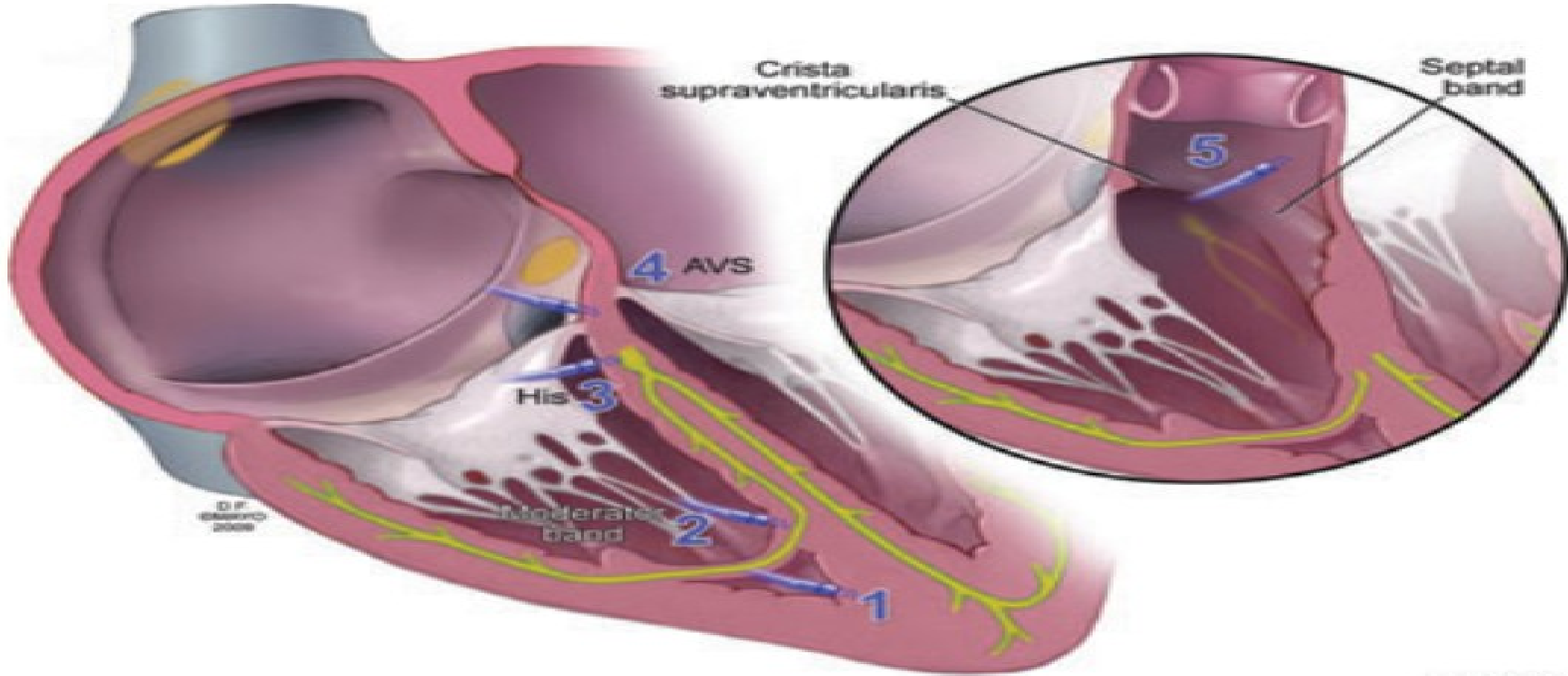


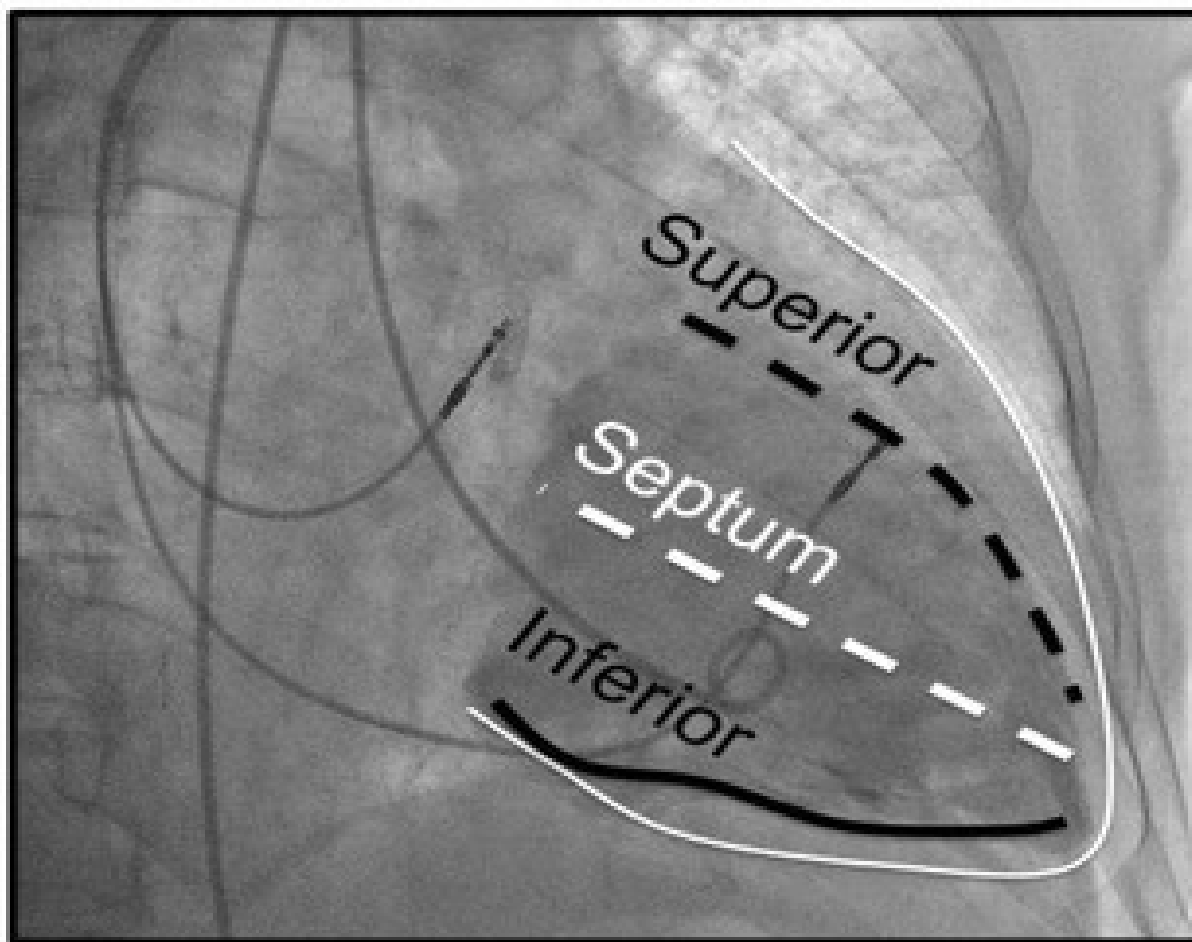
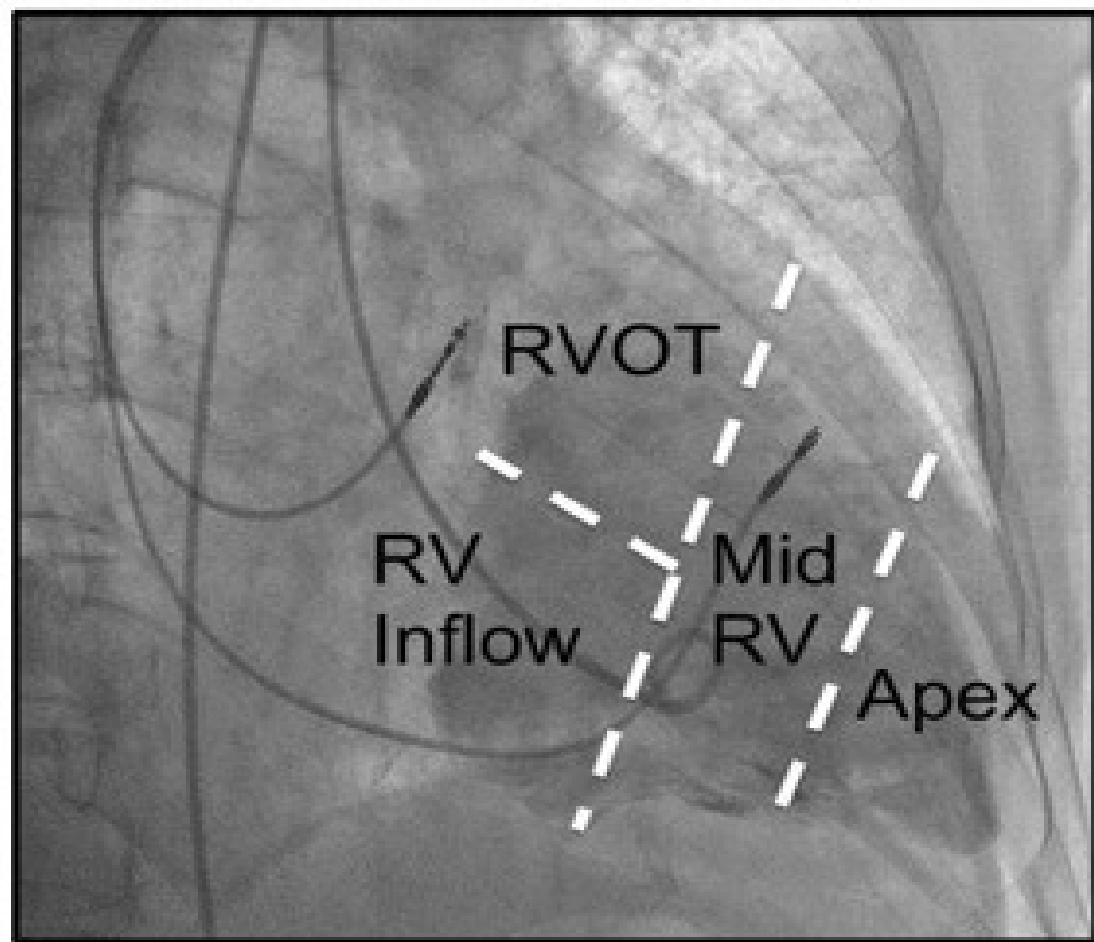
SAĞ VENTRİKÜLER YERLEŞİM

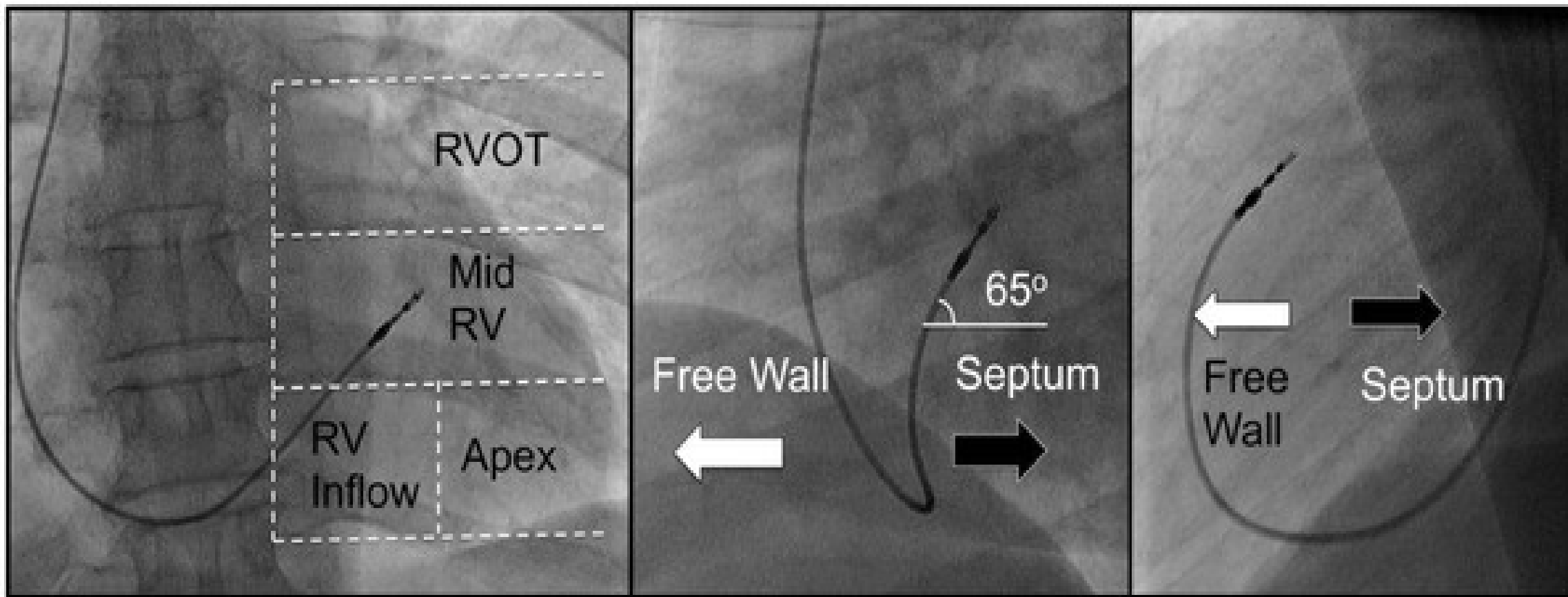
- İNTERVENTRİKÜLER SEPTUM VEYA HIS BUNDLE
- RVOT



SAĞ VENTRİKÜLER YERLEŞİM



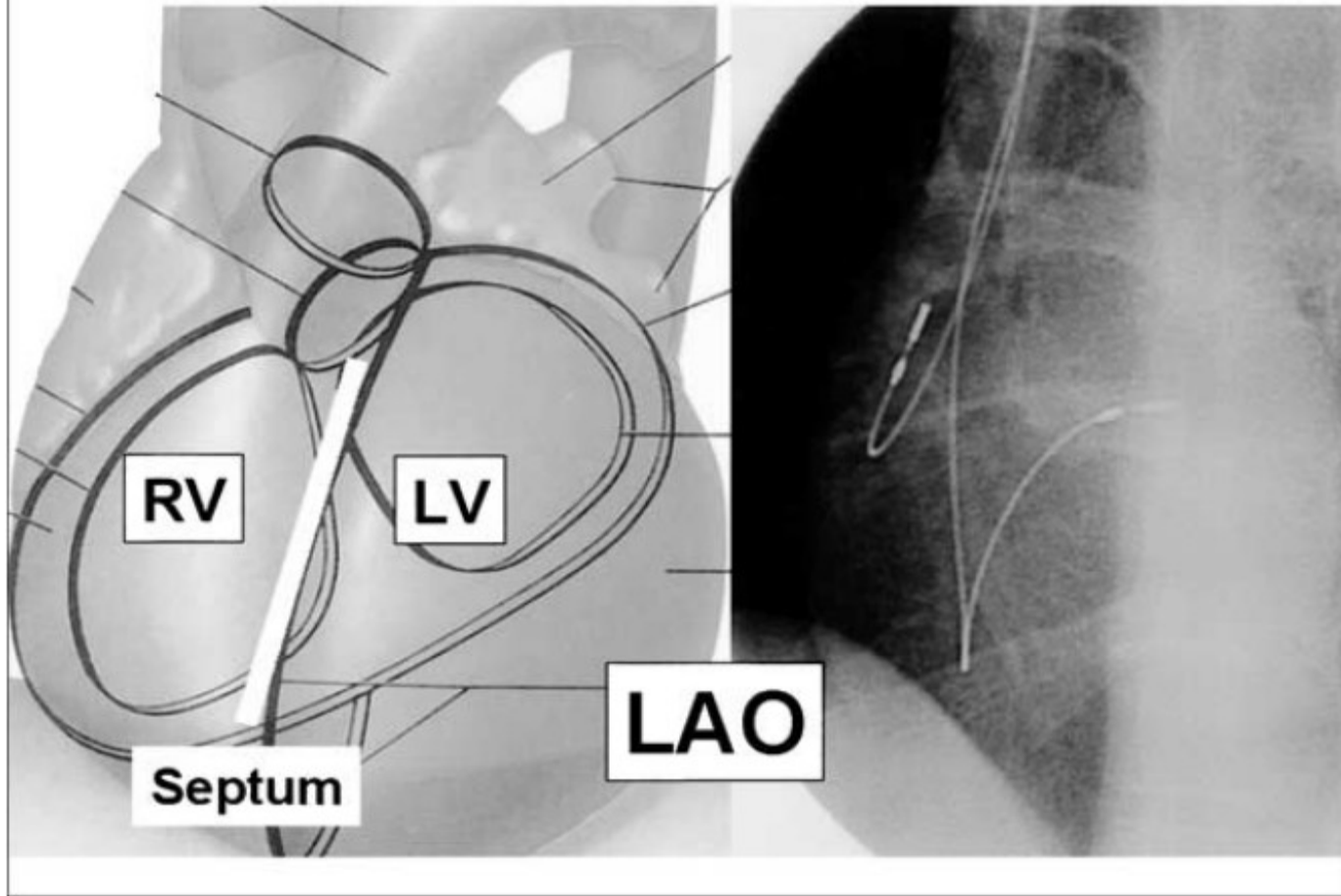
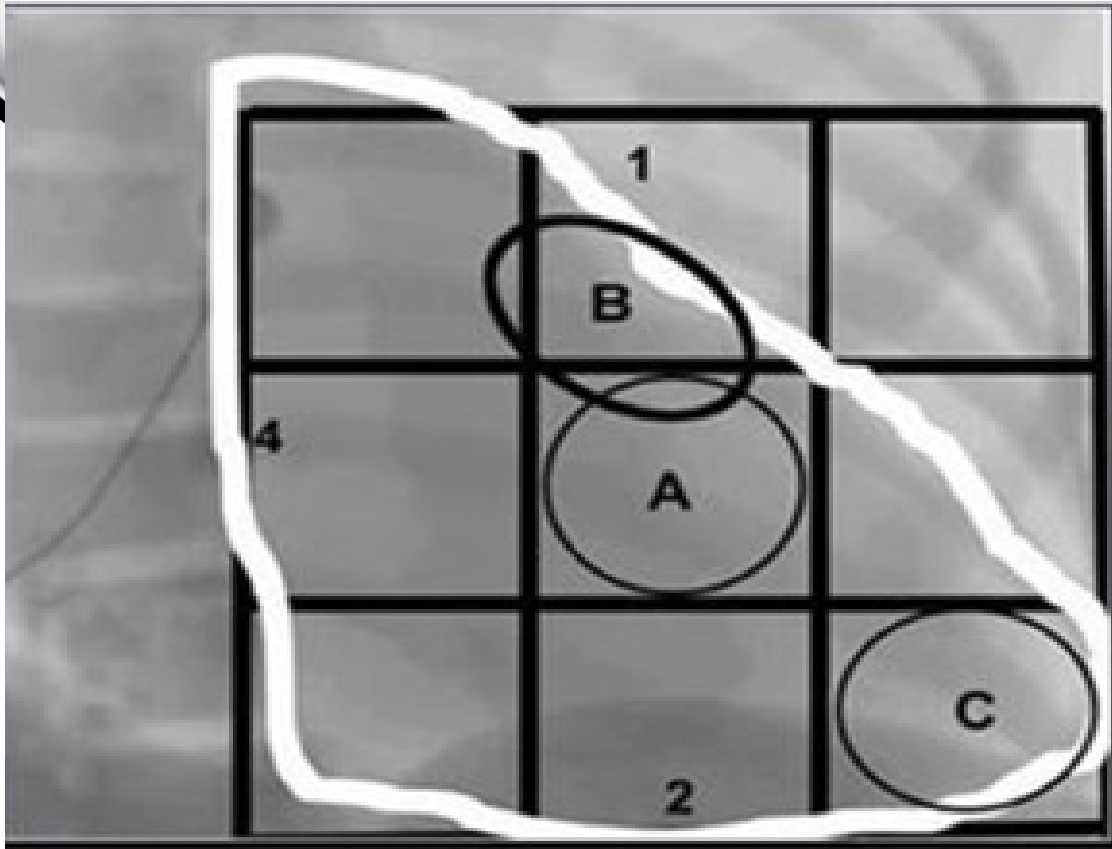




PA view

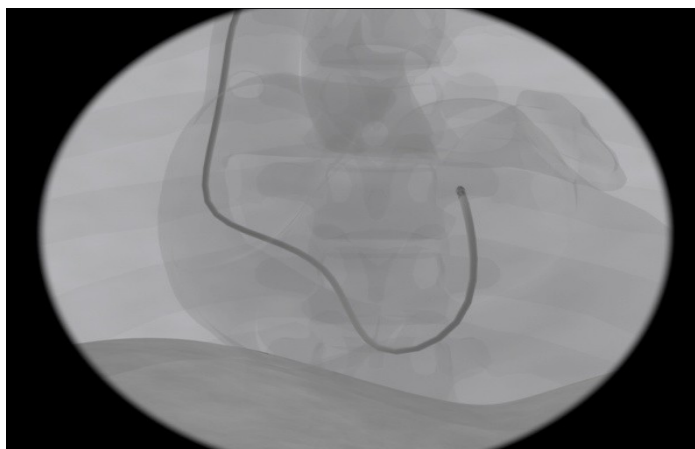
LAO view

Left Lateral view

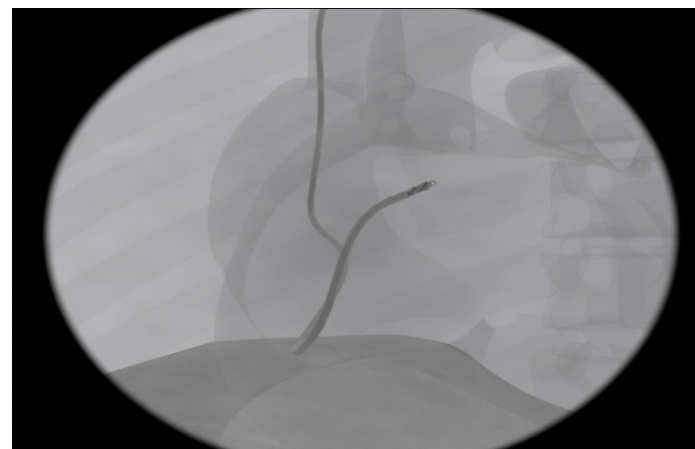


**Right Ventricular
Selective Site**

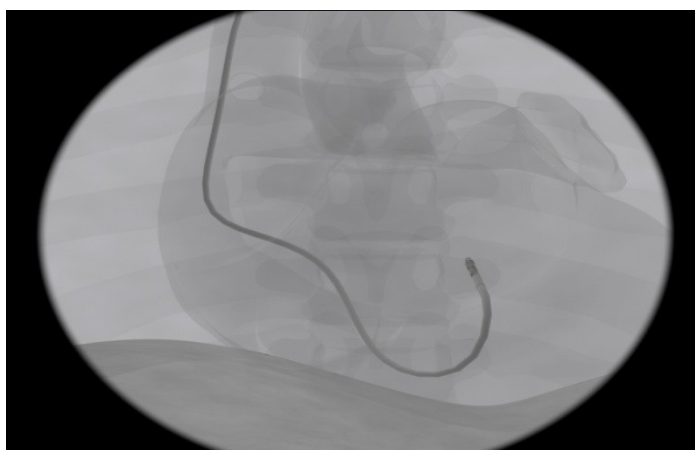
	Lead I	aVF
High septal	-	+
Low septal	-	±
High free wall	+	+
Low free wall	+	±



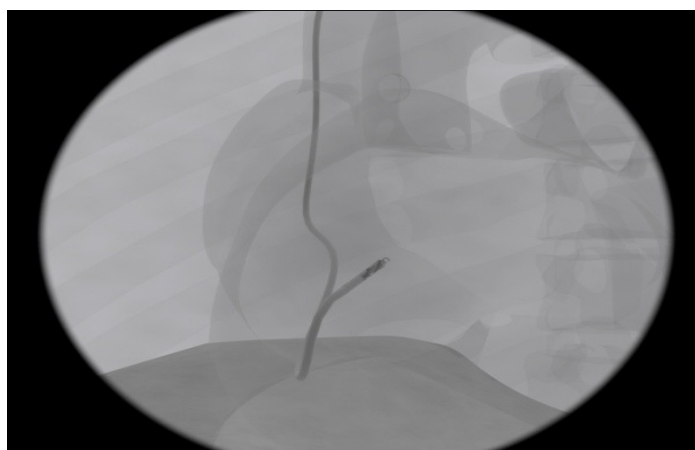
High septum — AP view



High septum — LAO view

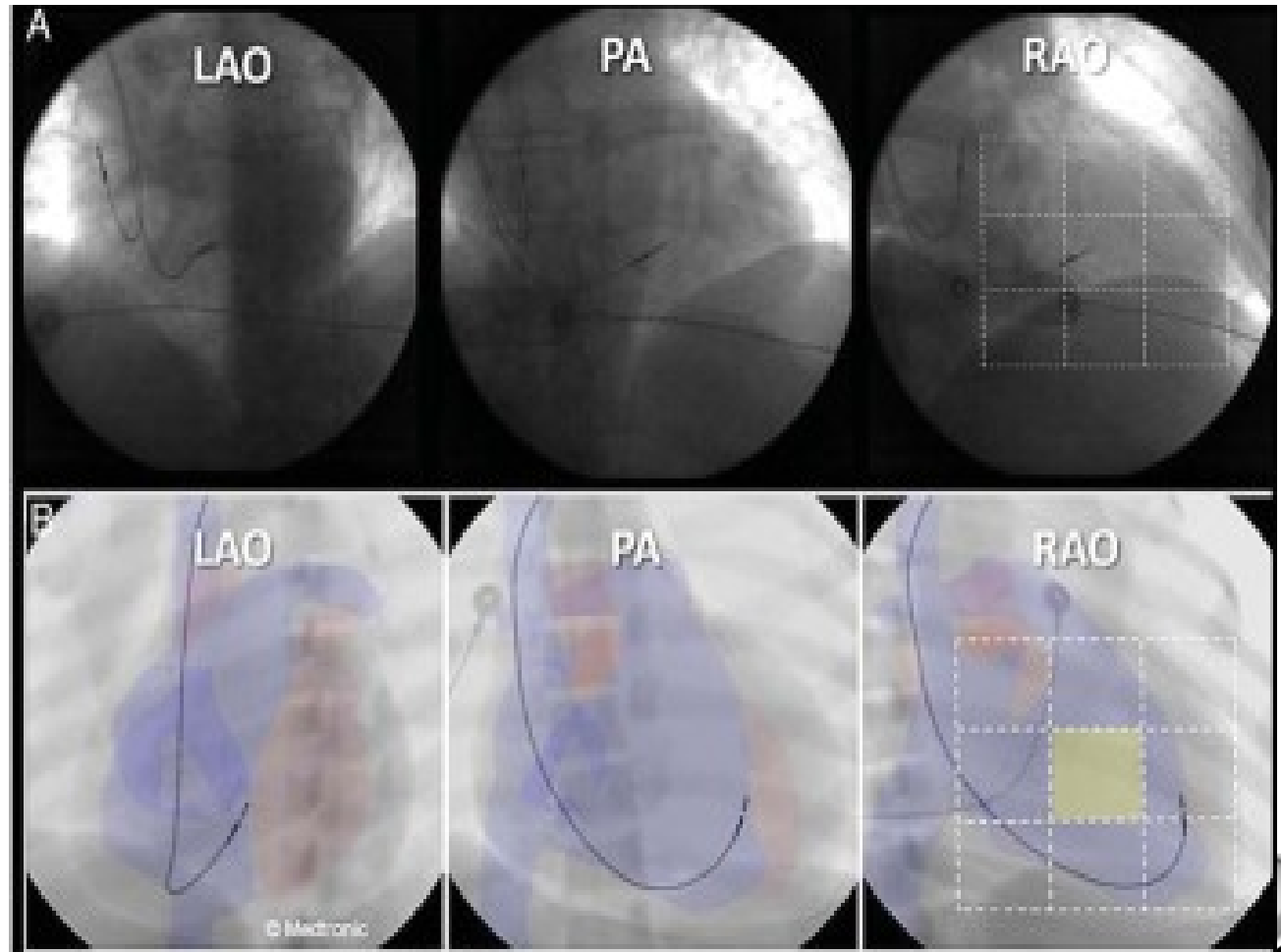
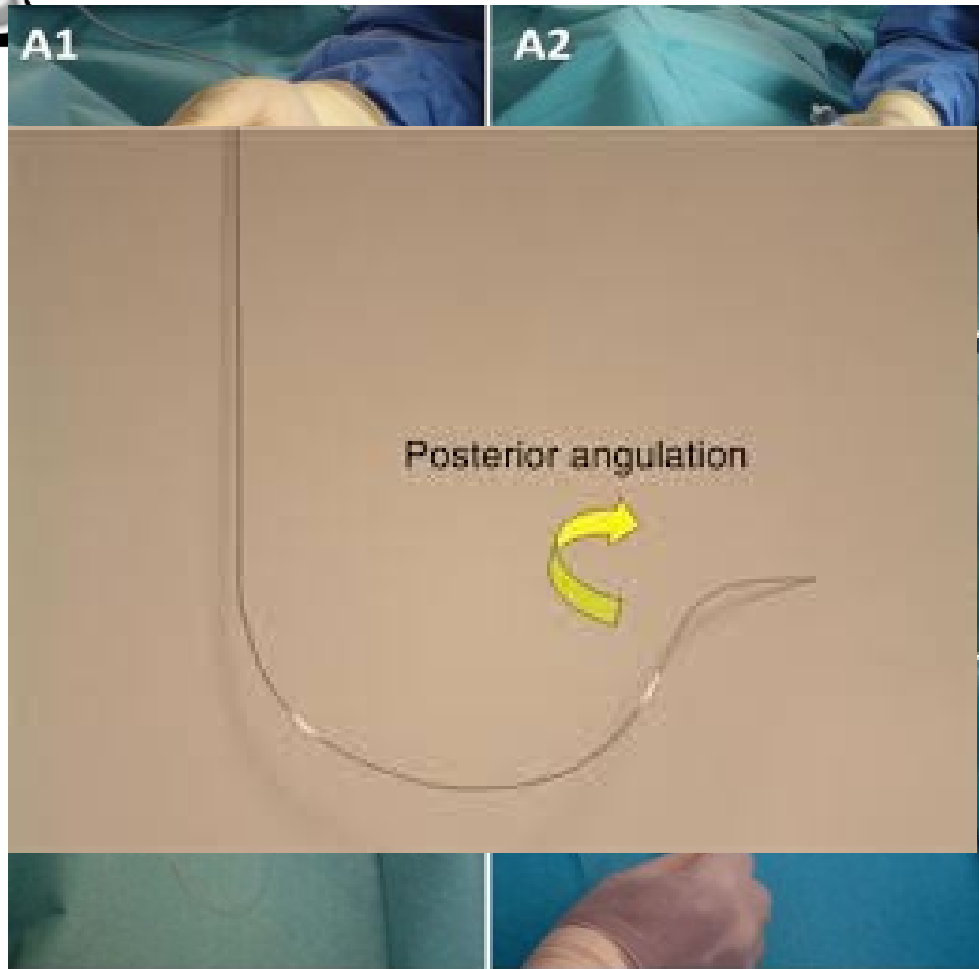


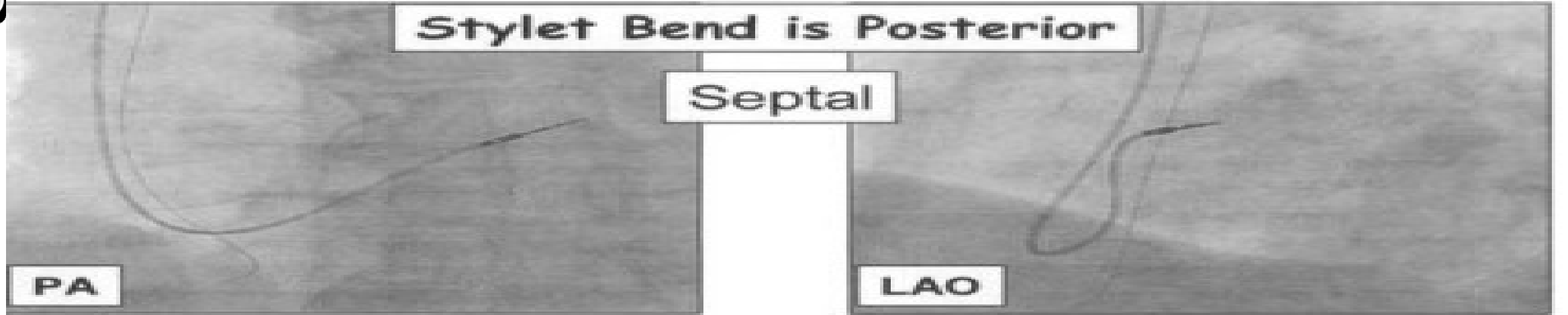
Low septum — AP view



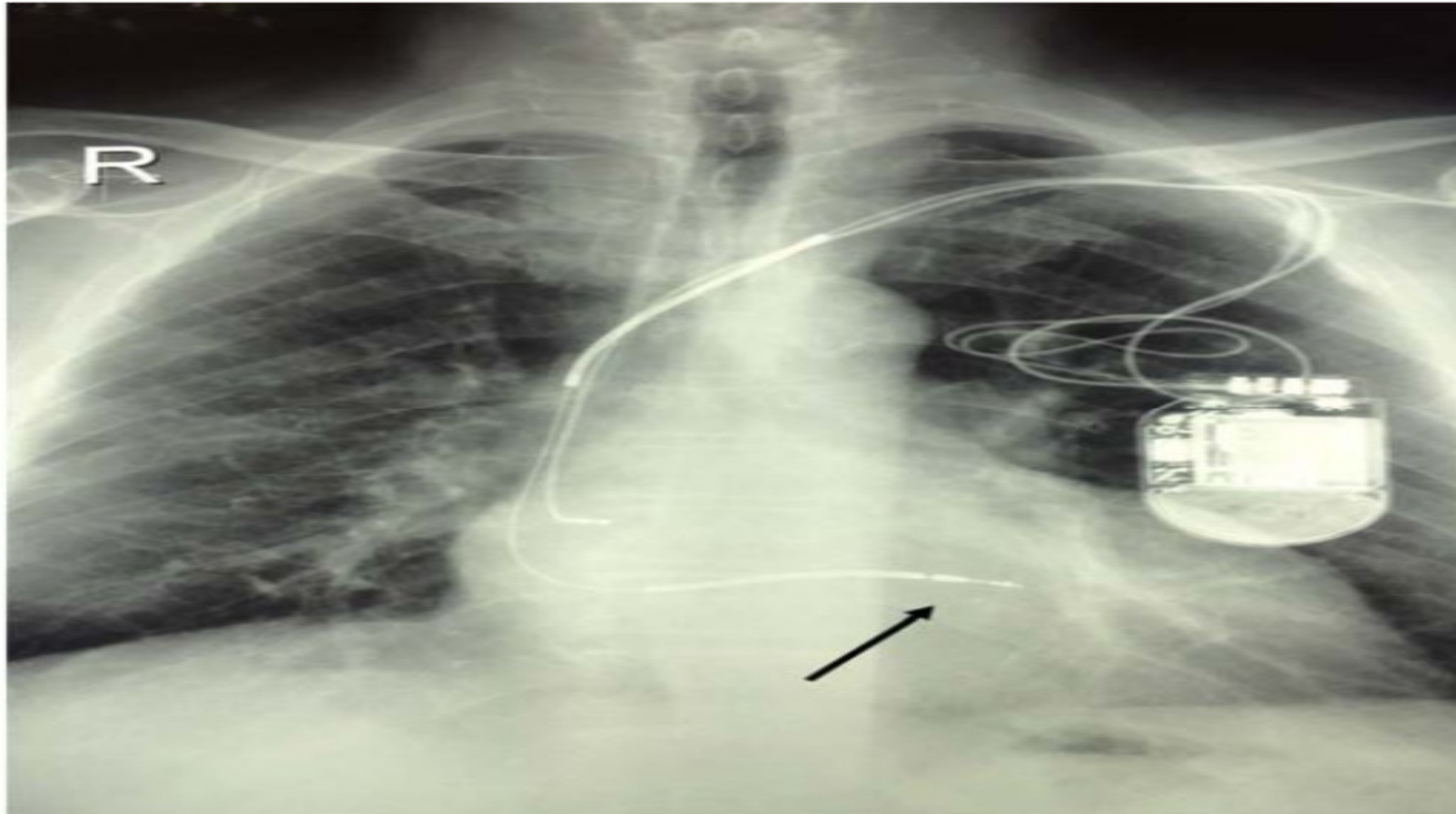
Low septum — LAO view

RIGHT VENTRICULAR SEPTAL PACING

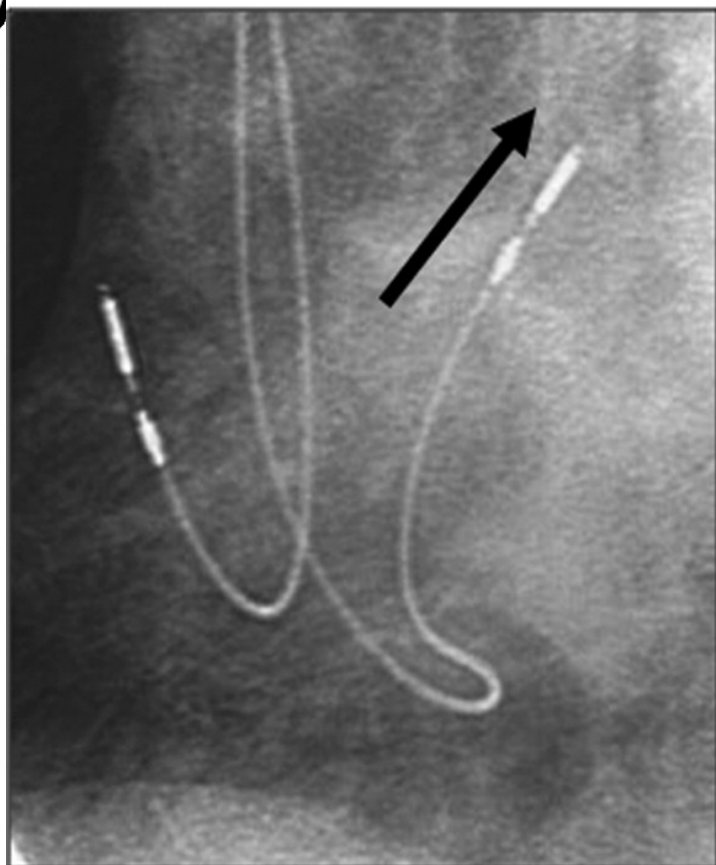




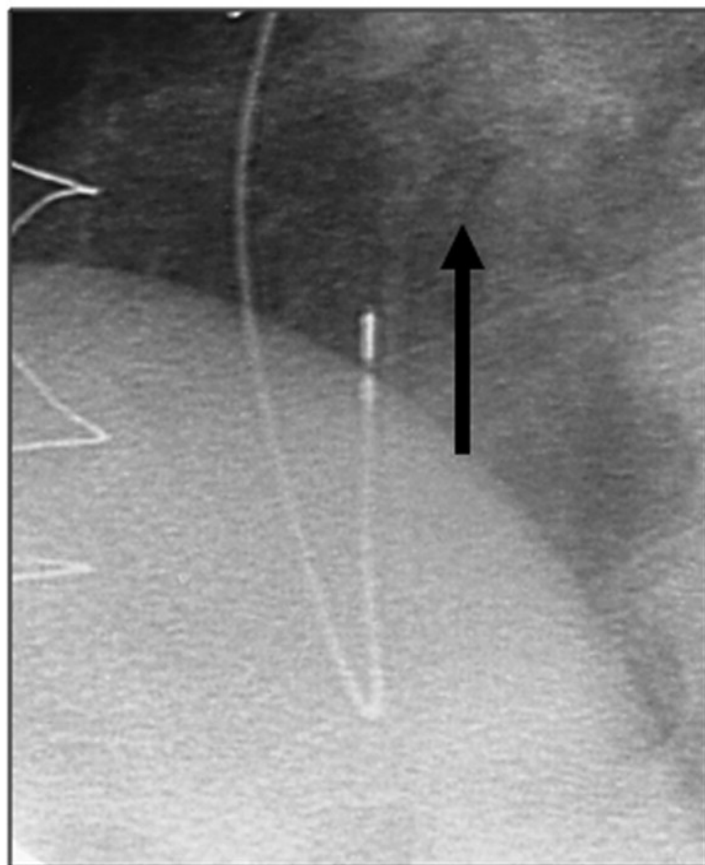
RVOT MID SEPTAL



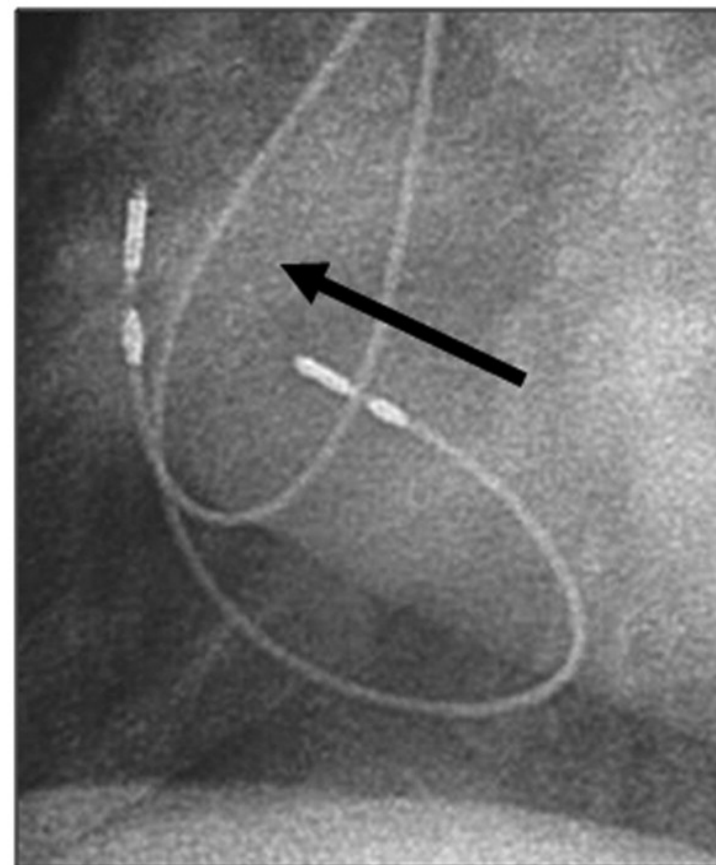
40° Left Anterior Oblique Views



Septal

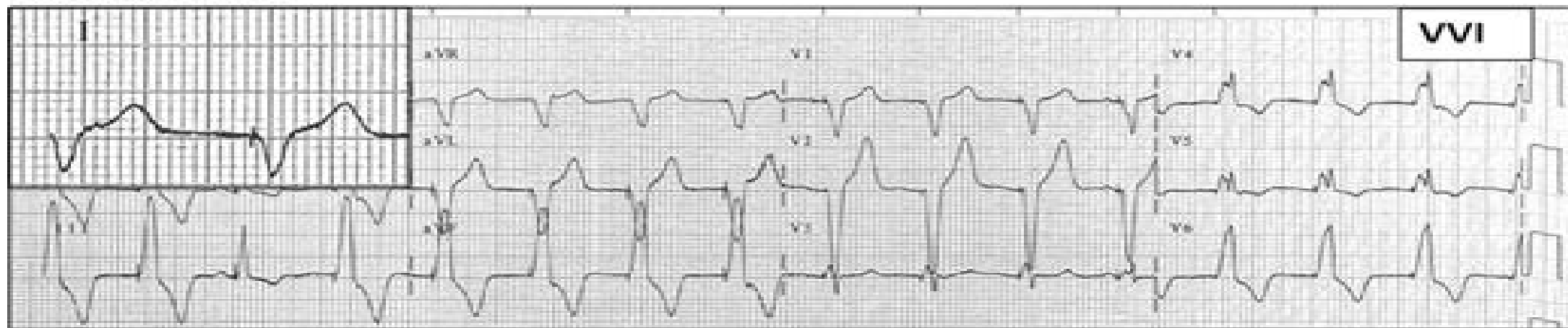


Anterior



Free Wall

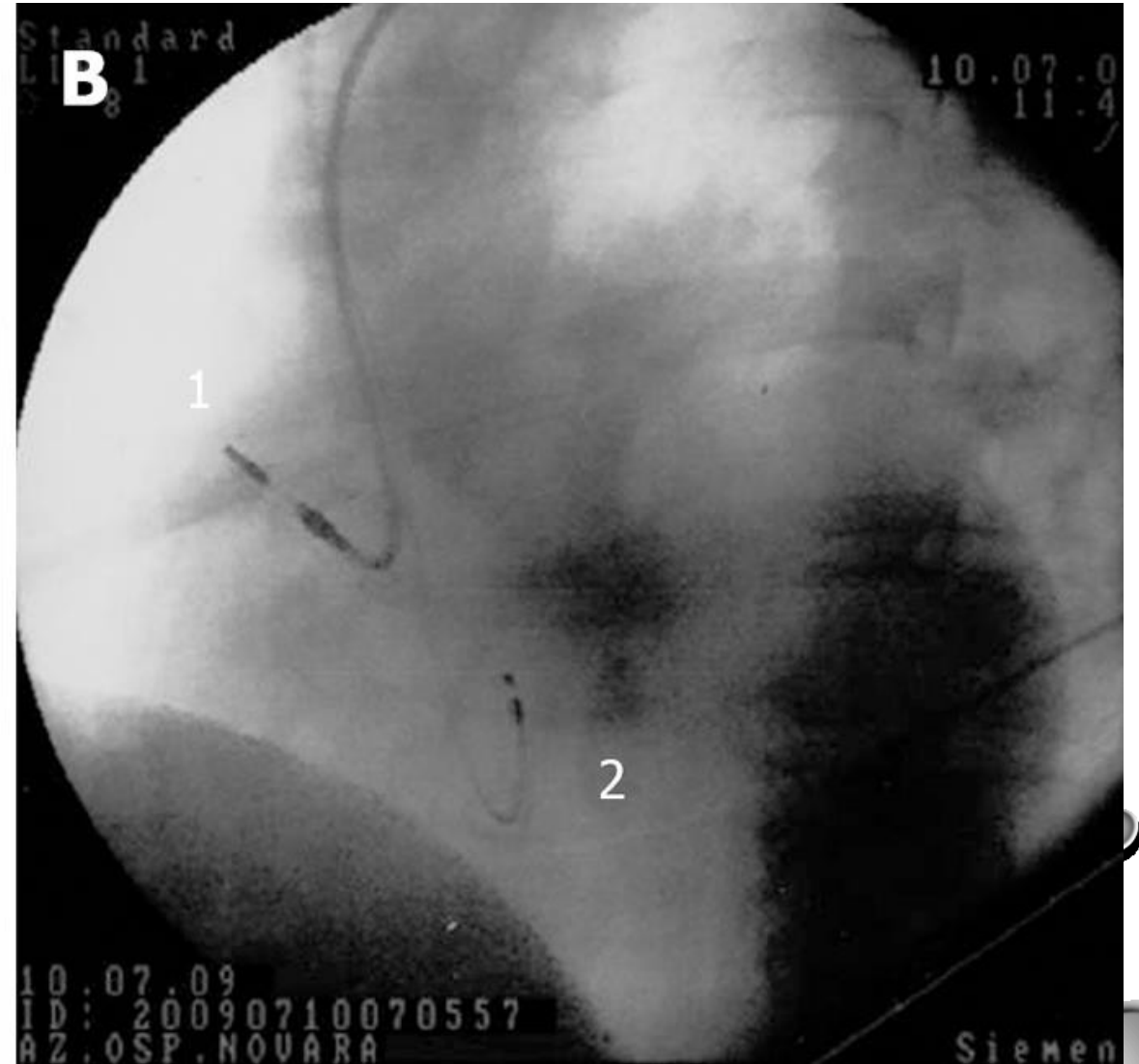
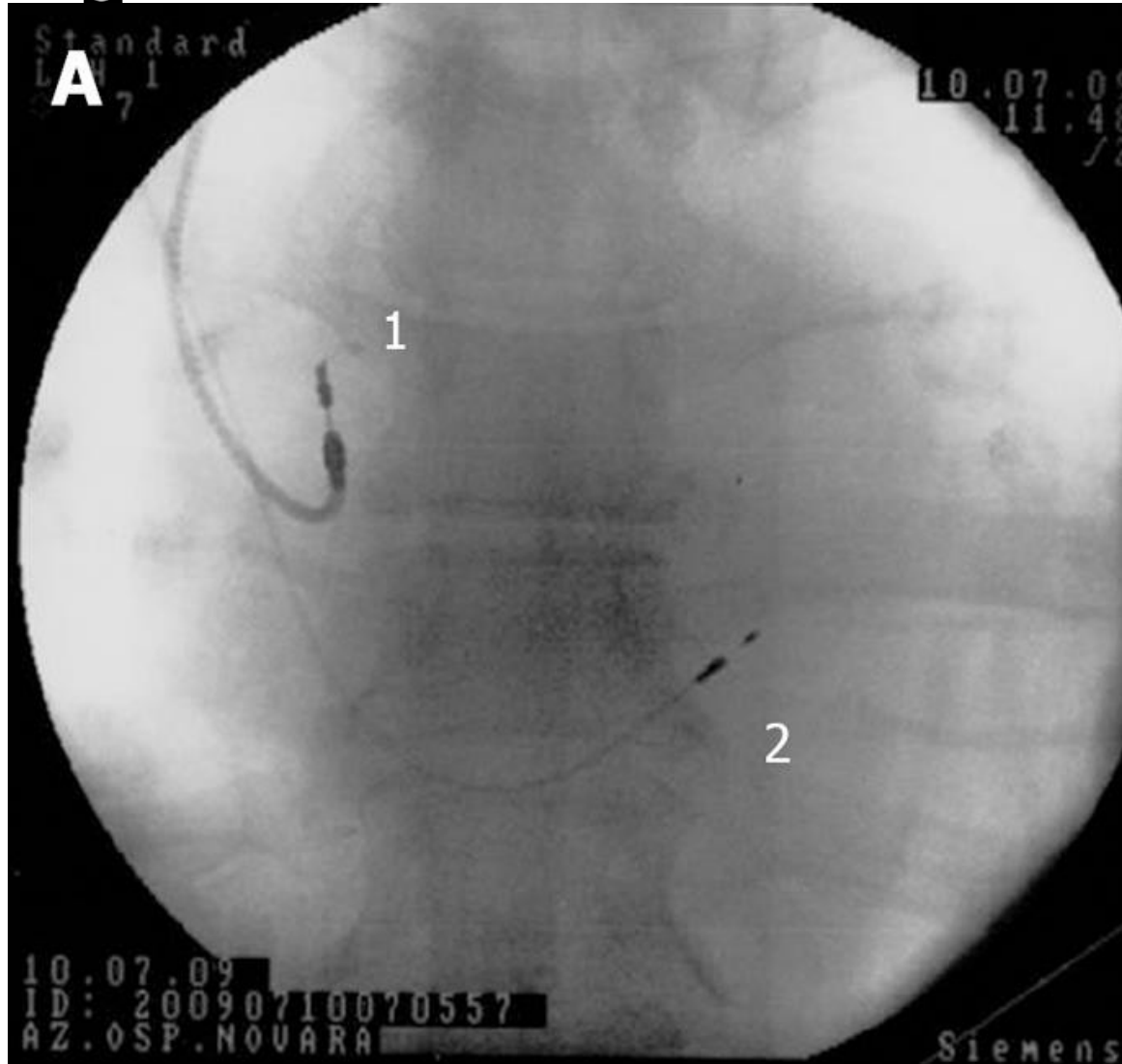
RVOT Septum



RVOT Free Wall



HIS BUNDLE PACING



HIS BUNDLE PACING



HIS BUNDLE PACING

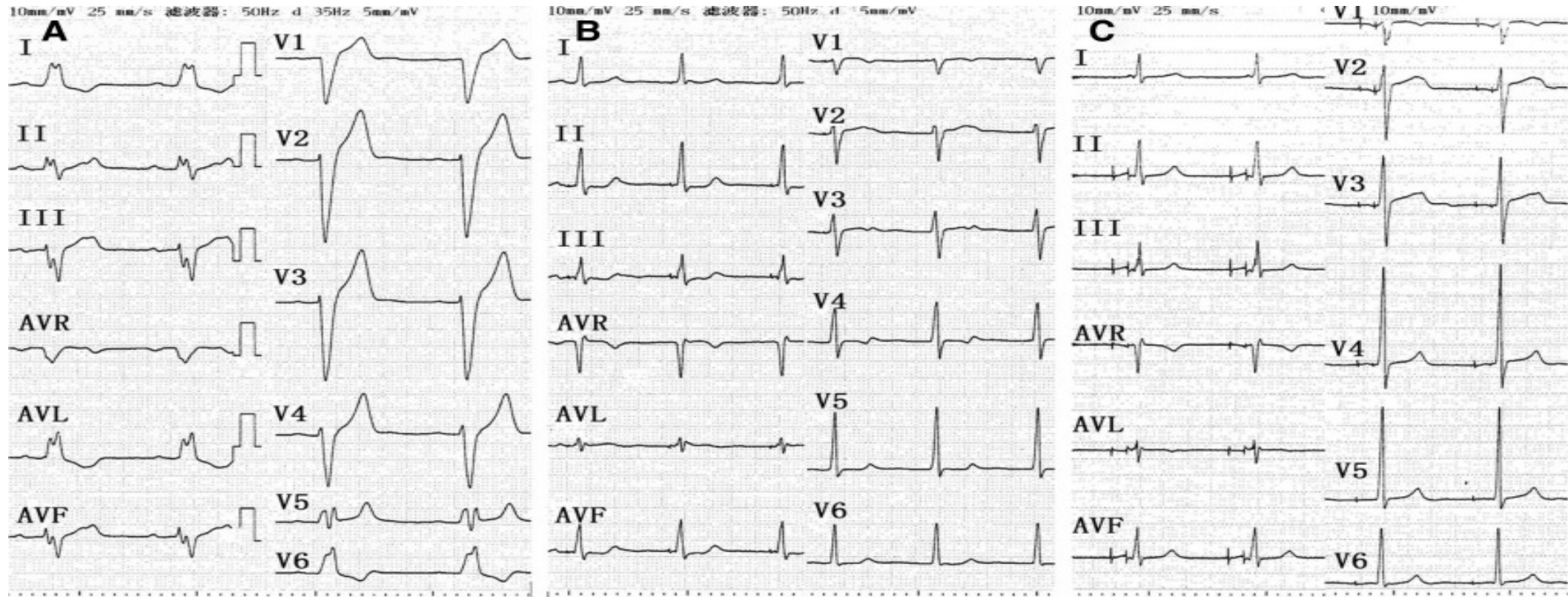
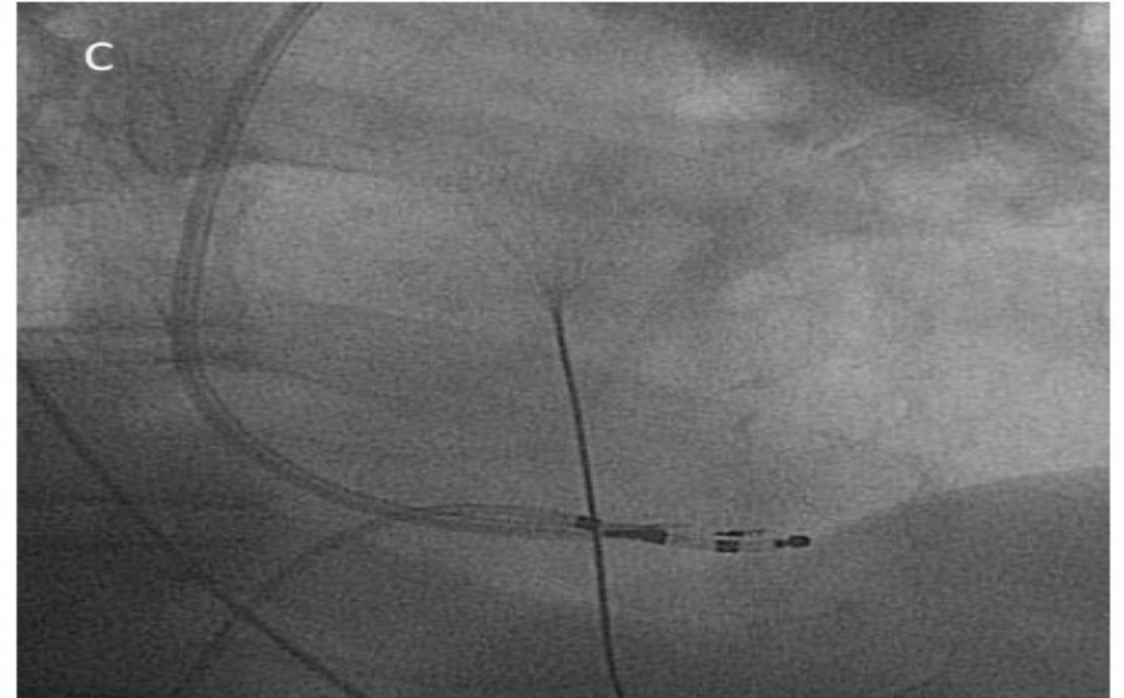
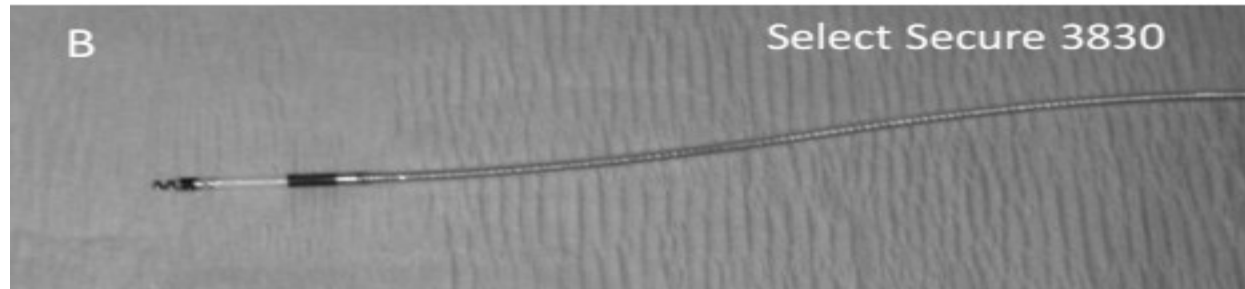
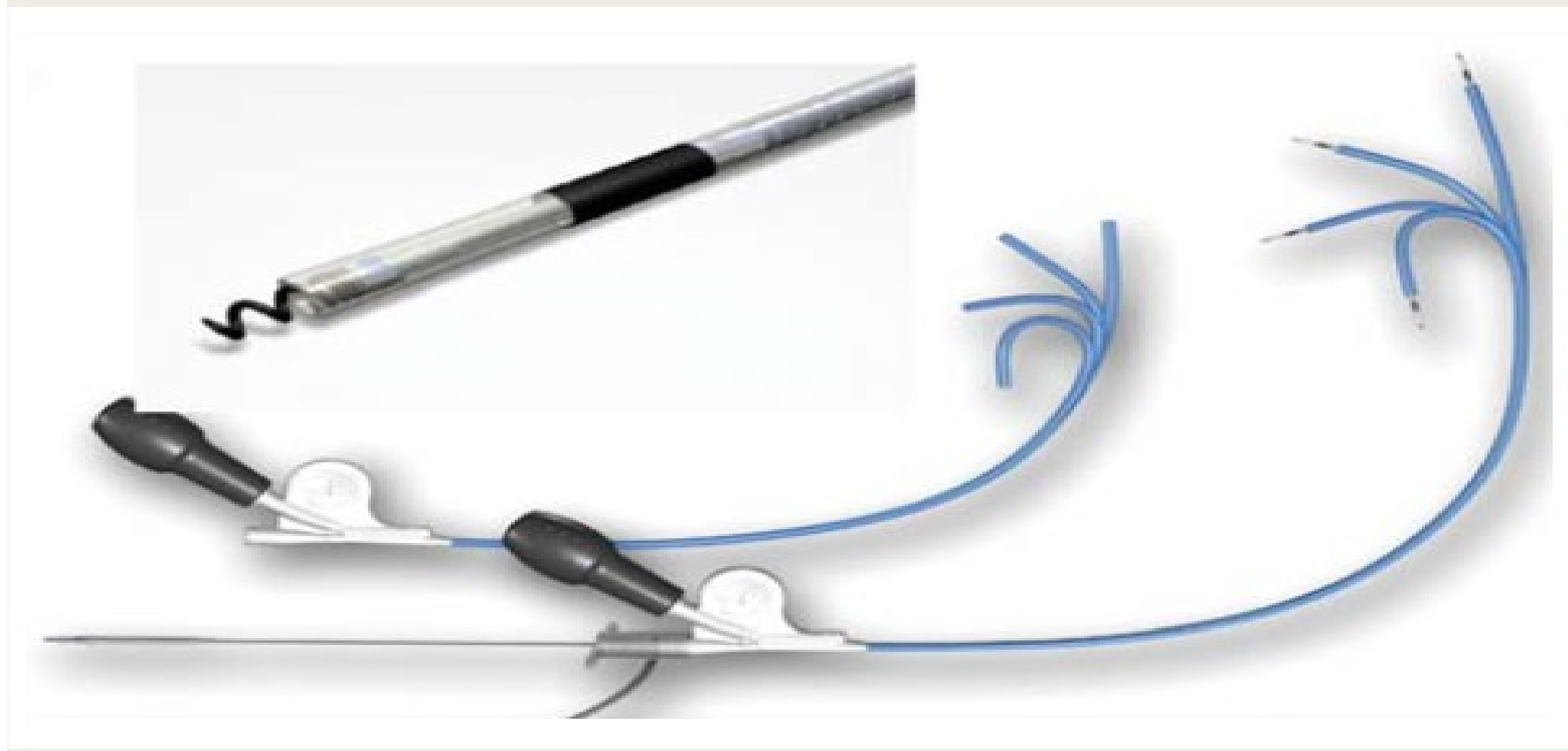


Fig. 1. 12-lead ECGs prior to procedure and at follow up visits. A, pre-procedure, QRS 200 ms and CLBBB. B, VVI mode, HBP output of 2.5v/0.5 ms, narrow QRS (90 ms), Vp-V interval approximates 50 ms; C, DDDR mode, paced AV delay 110 ms, BVP with LV (HBP) first of -80 ms with output of 5.0 v/0.5 ms, QRS width 90 ms, Vp-V interval approximates 50 ms. Statement: amplitude calibration for chest leads: C 10 mm/mV; A, 5 mm/mV.

HIS BUNDLE PACING

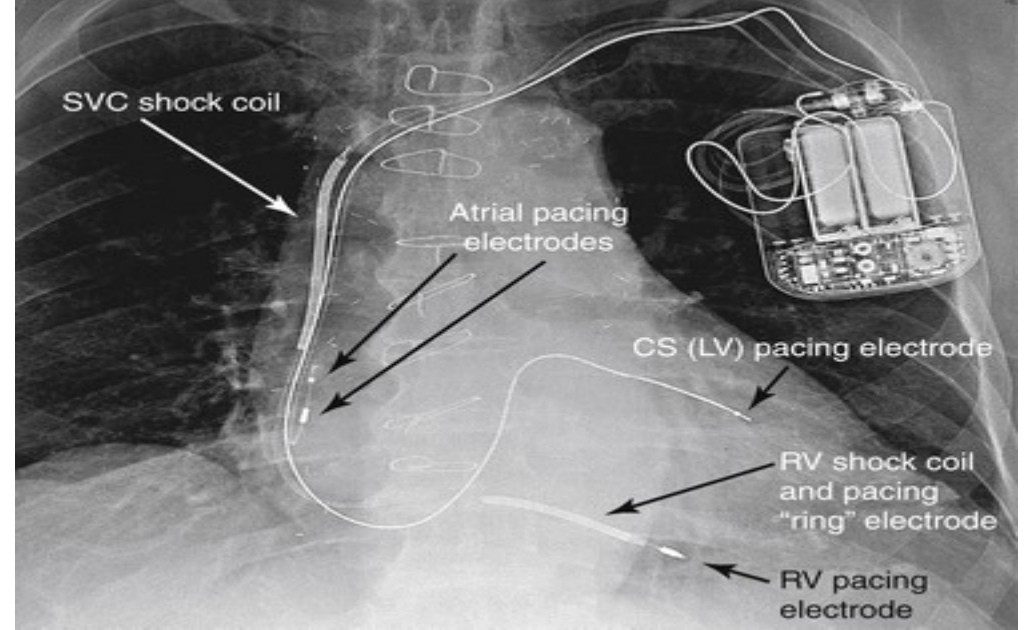


SELECT SECURA™

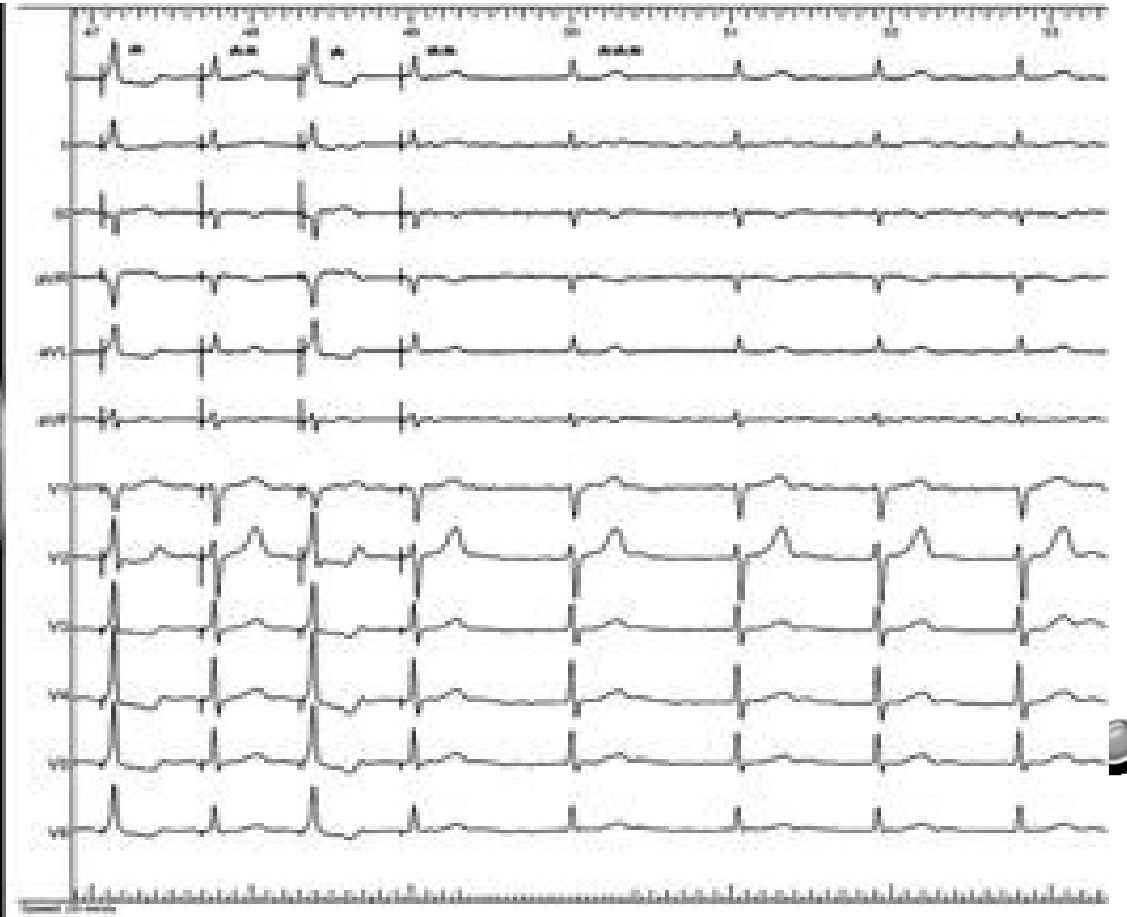
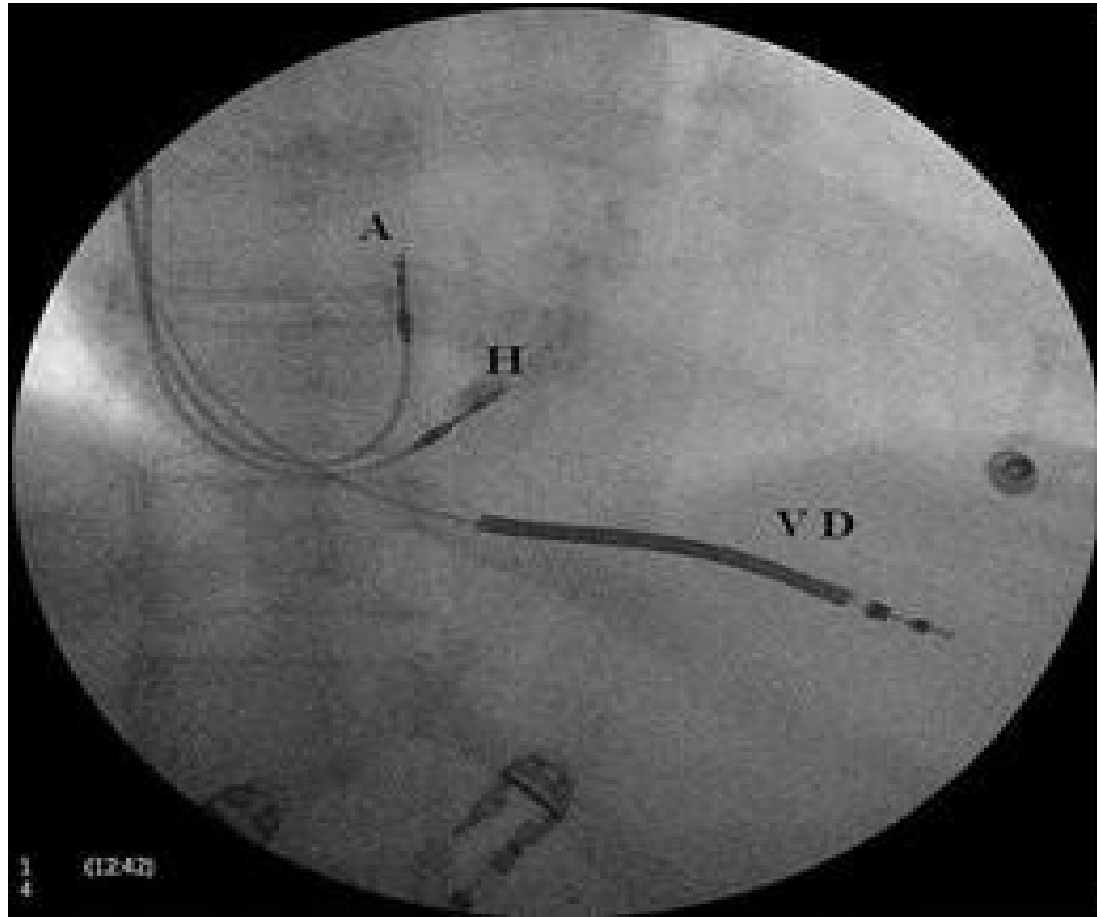


CRT ALTERNATİF POZİSYONLAR

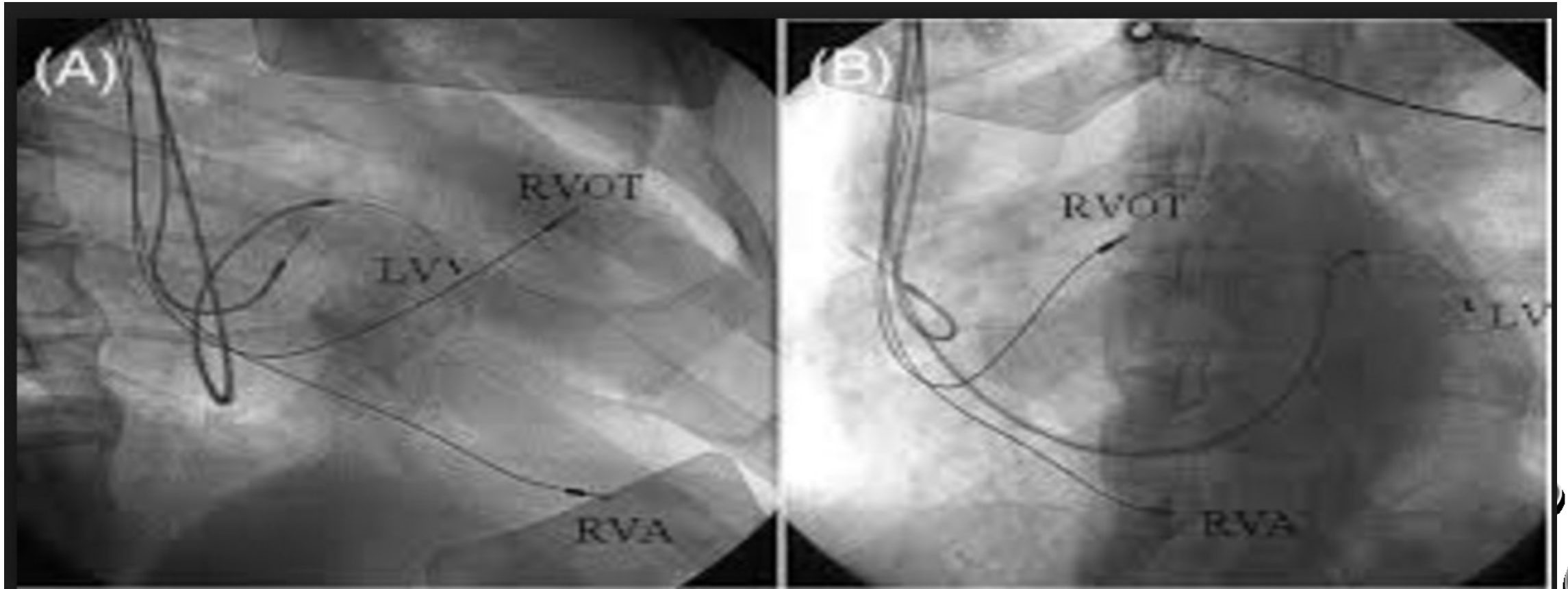
- RVOT PACING
- RVOT+RV APEKS
- SAG VENTRİKÜL SEPTUM
- PARAHISIAN PACING



HIS PACING+RV APEKS PACING

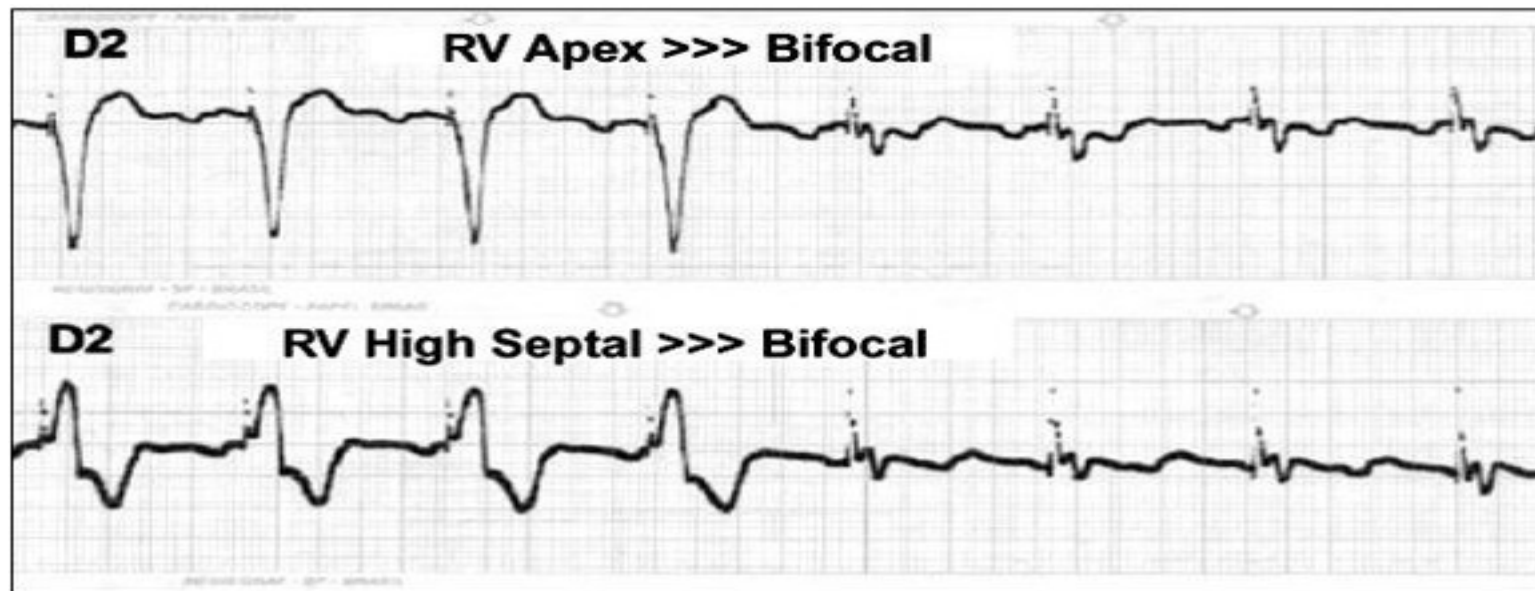
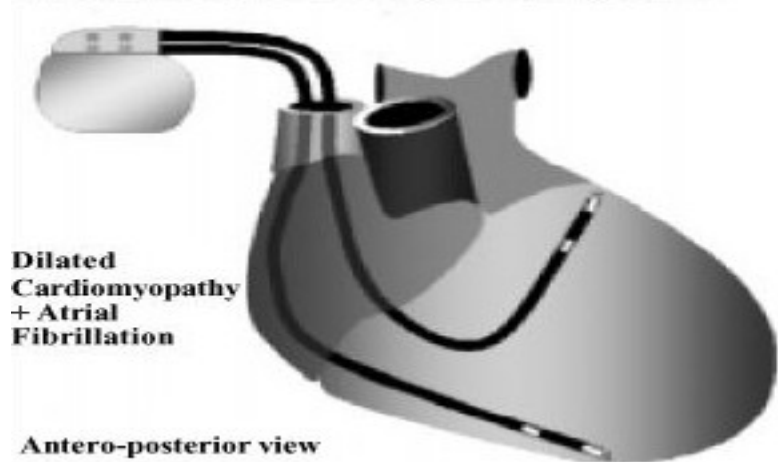


TRIANGLE VENTRİKÜLER PACING



BIFOKAL PACING

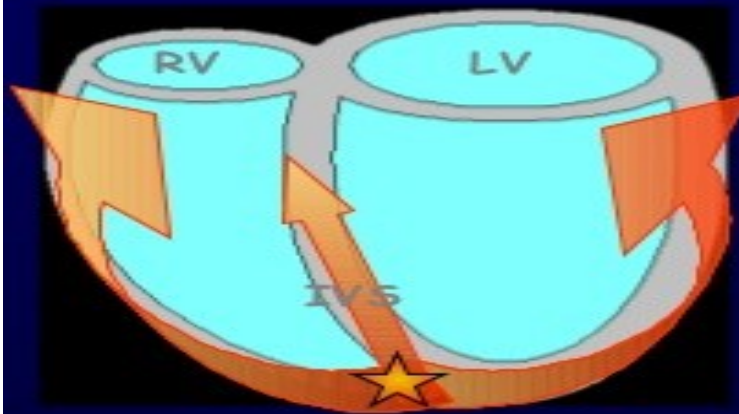
Ventricular Endocardial Right Bifocal Stimulation



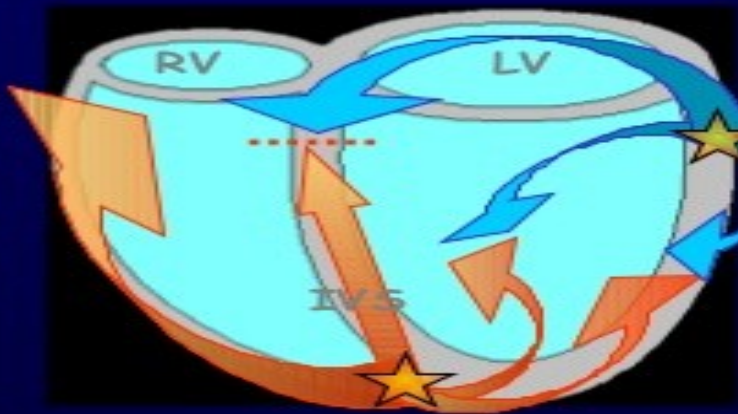
BIFOKAL PACING

RV Bifocal pacing - How it works

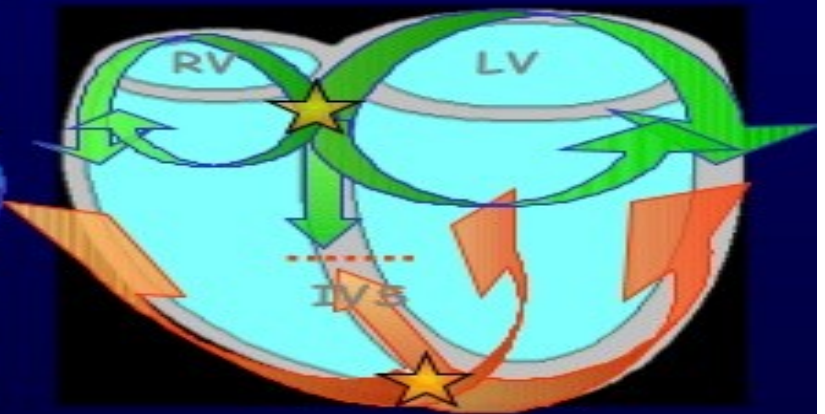
Propagation of DEPOLARIZATION



RV Apical



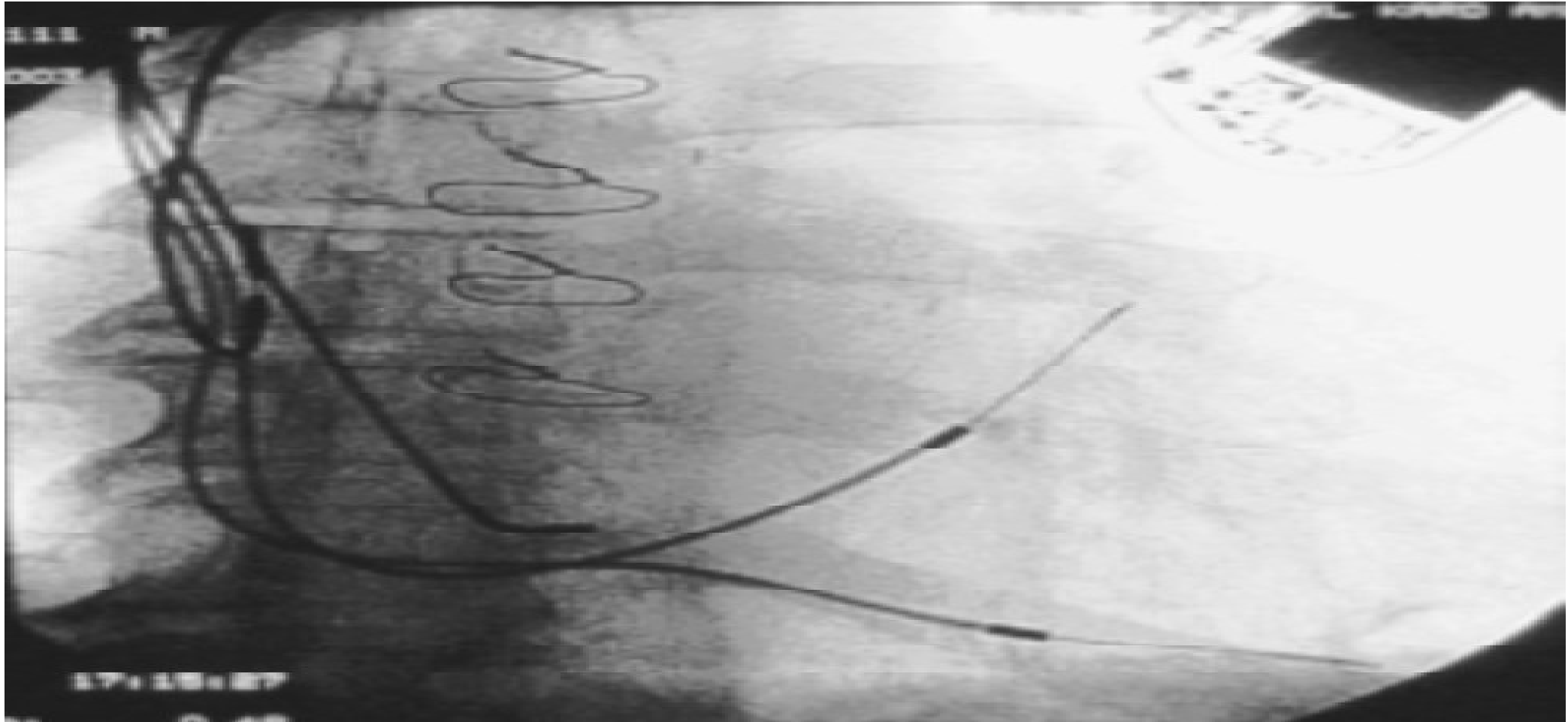
Biventricular



RV Bifocal

In accordance with Matsushita and Coll. - *Europace* 2005; 7, Suppl.; 229 (abs)

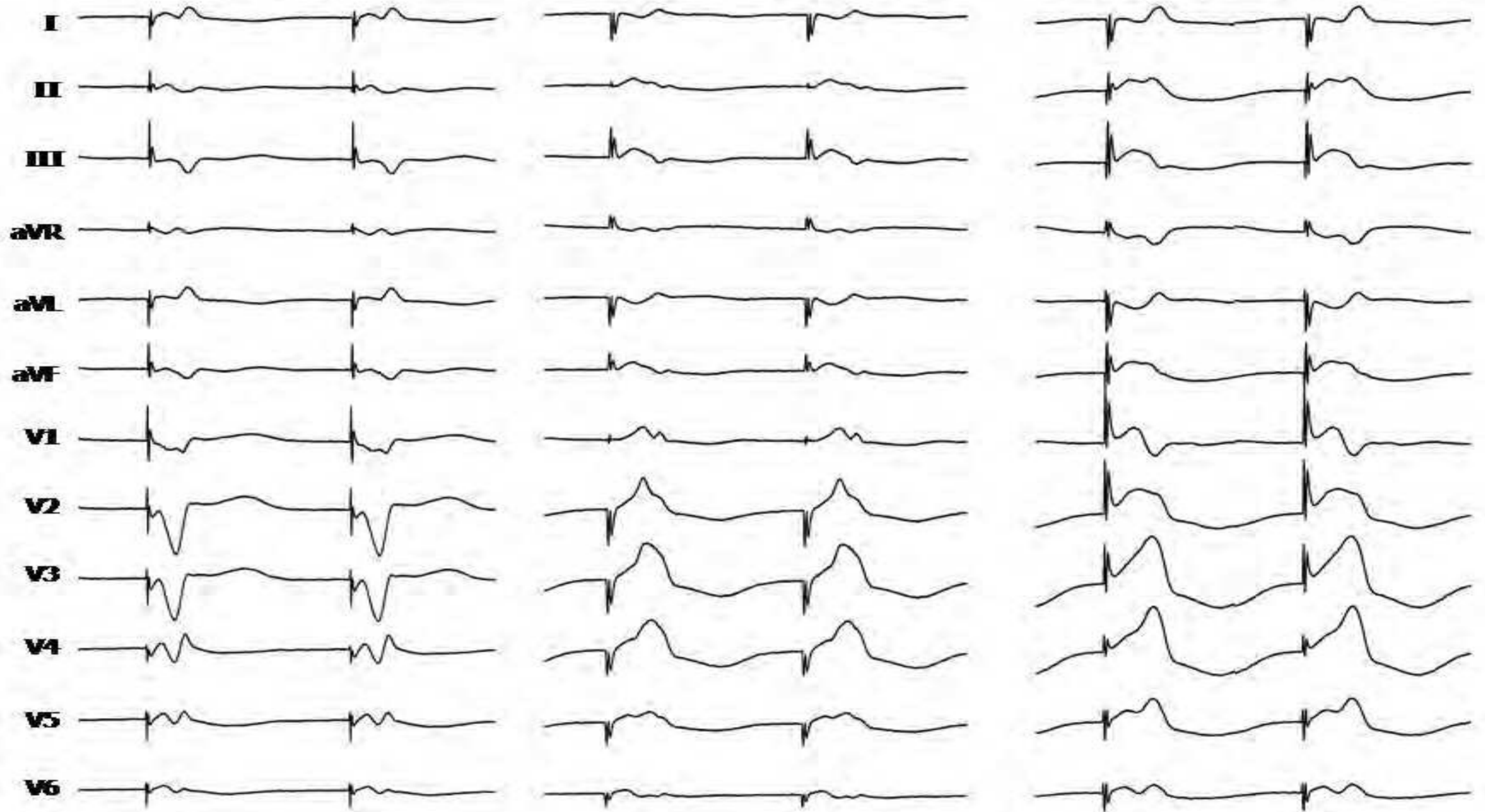
BIFOKAL PACING



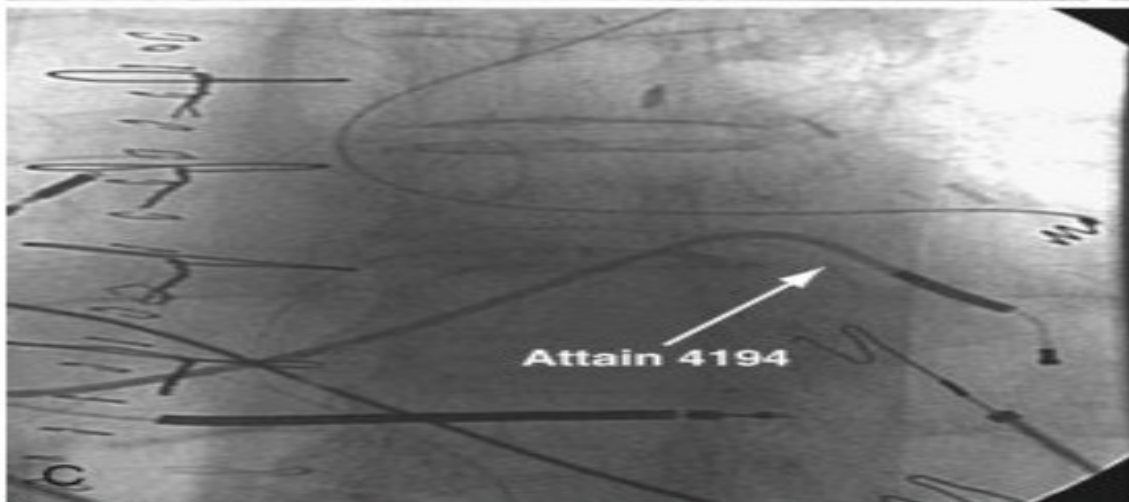
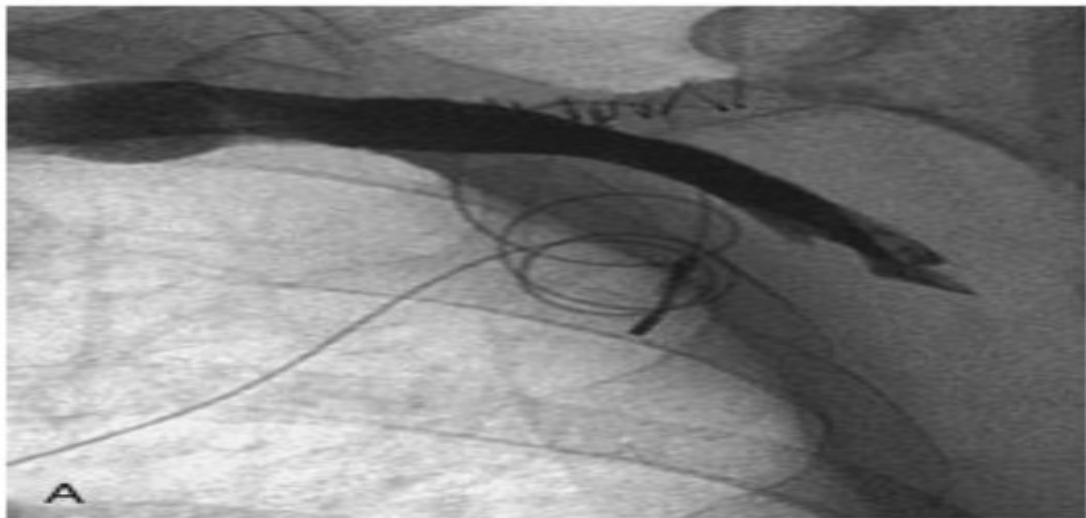
PL + RV apex

PL + RV septum

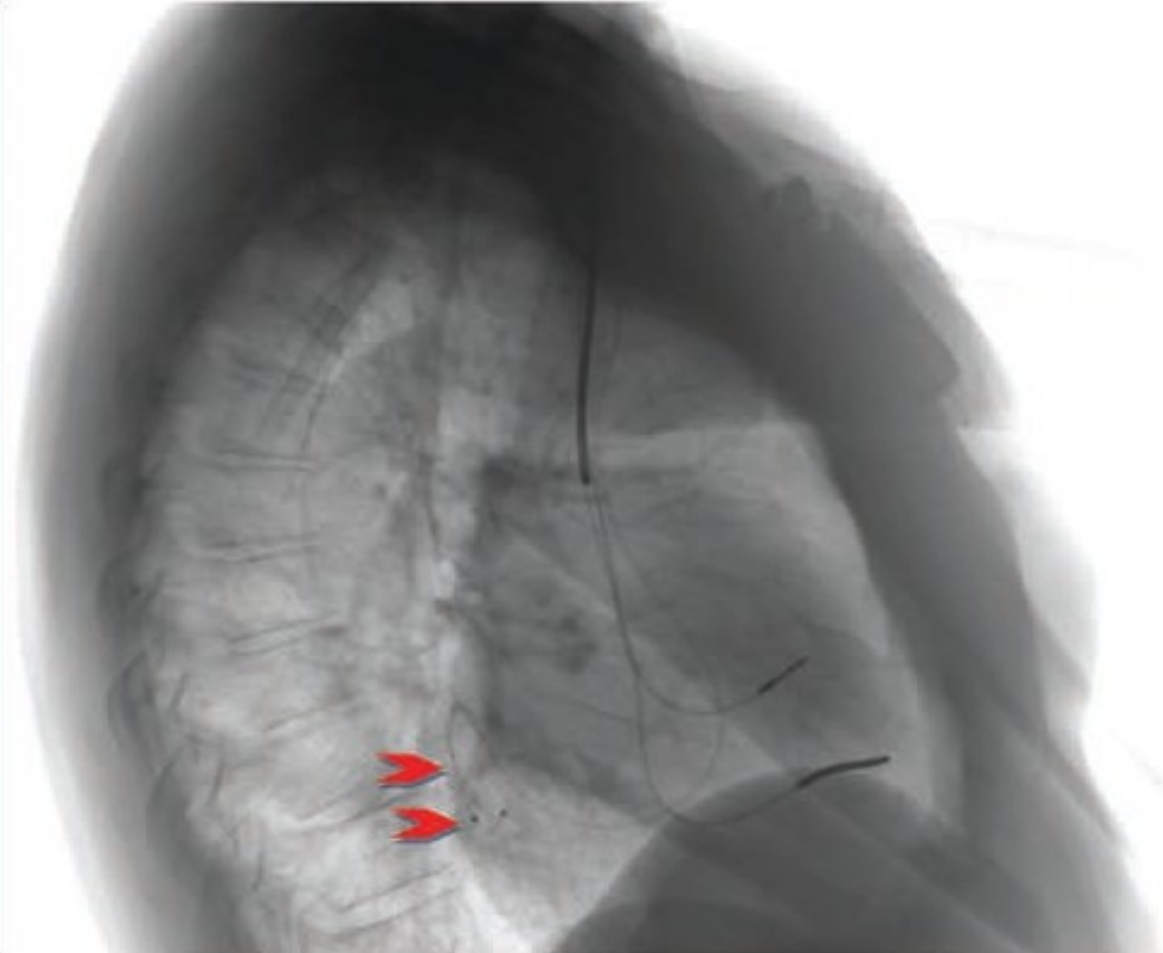
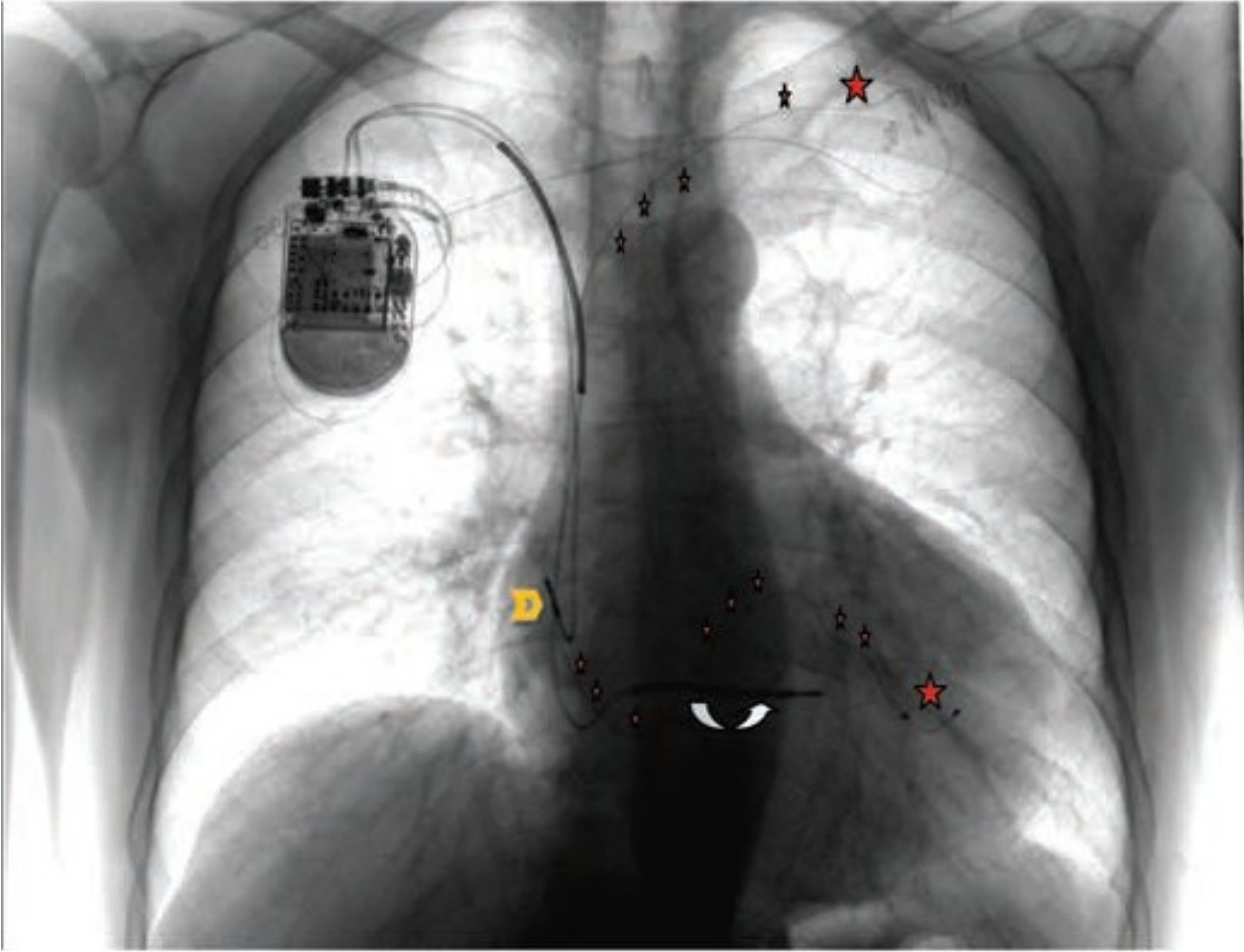
PL + RV outflow



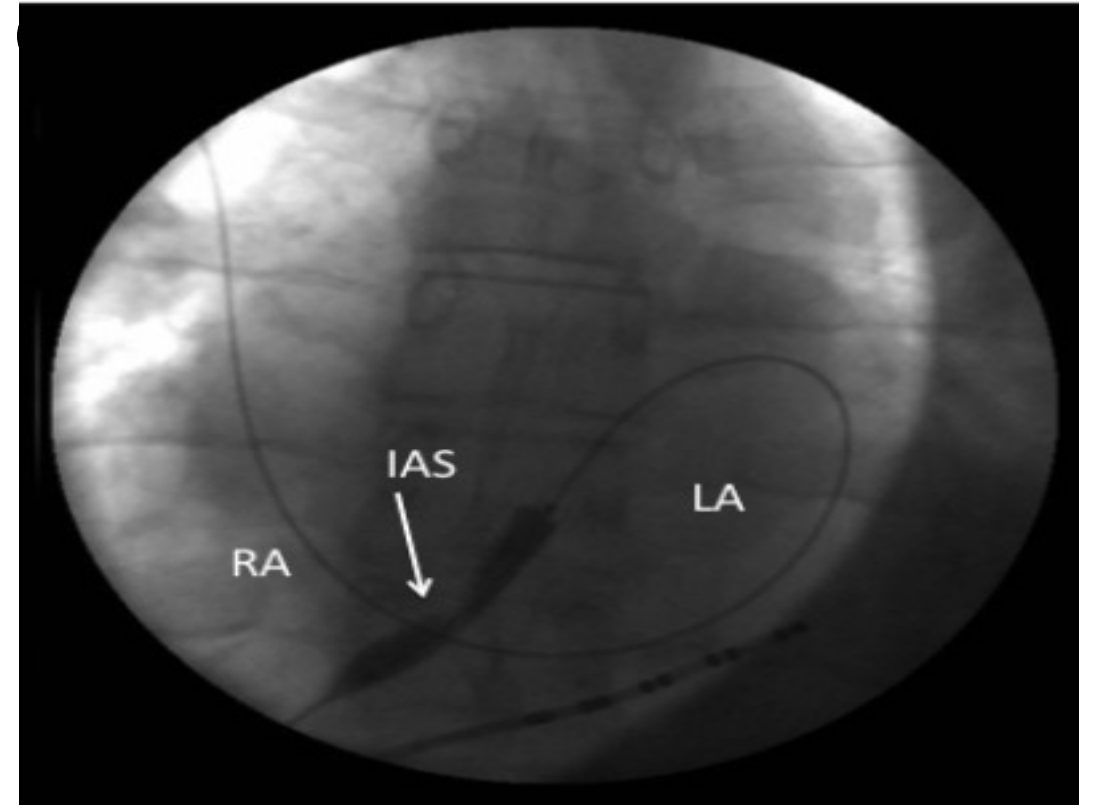
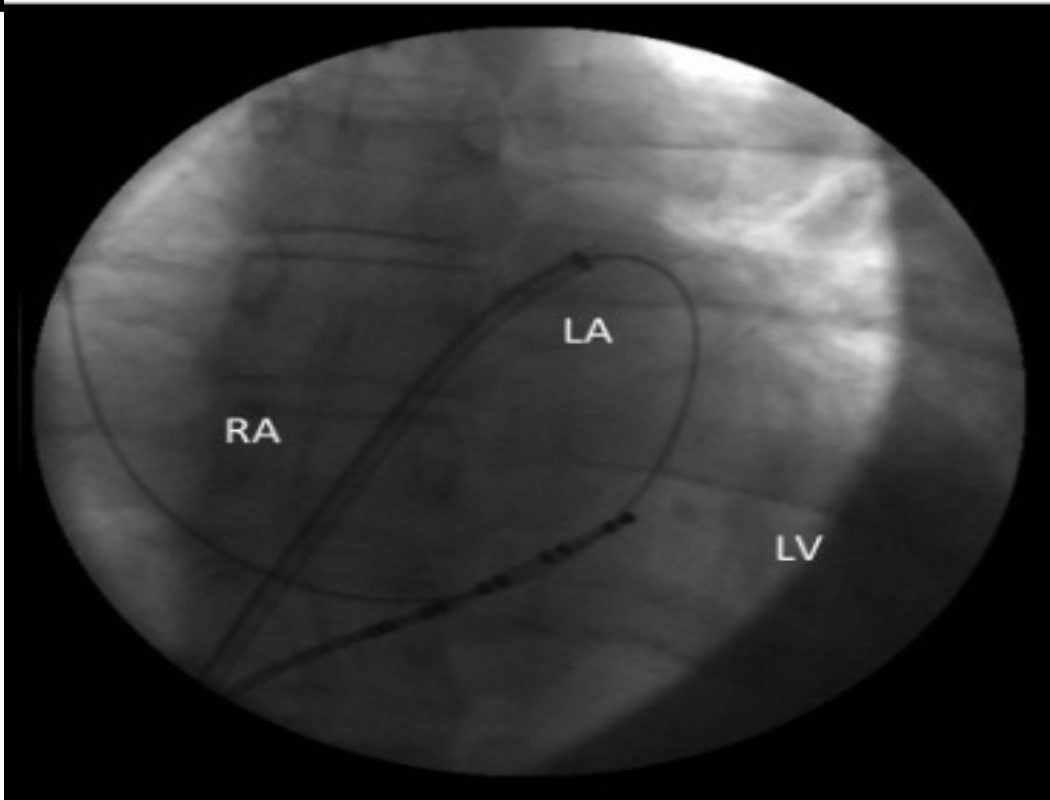
NONRESPONDER CS - EPİKARDİYAL YERLEŞİM



EPIKARDİYAL YERLEŞİM

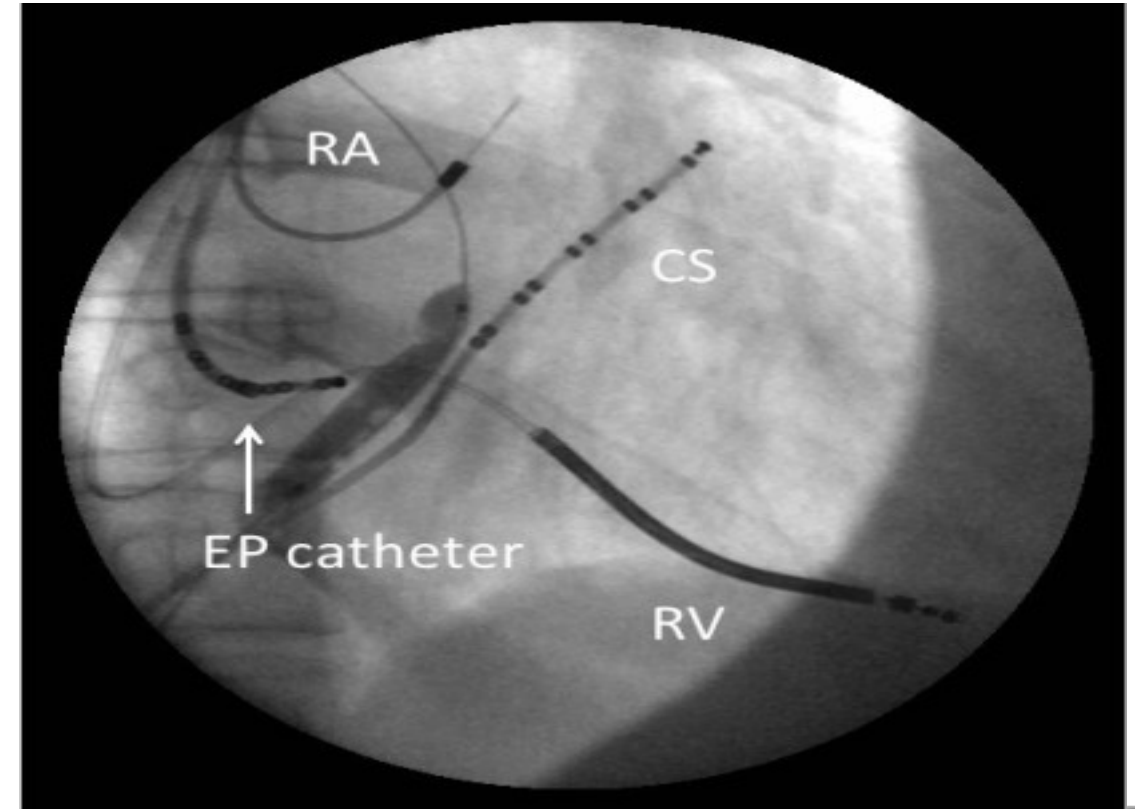
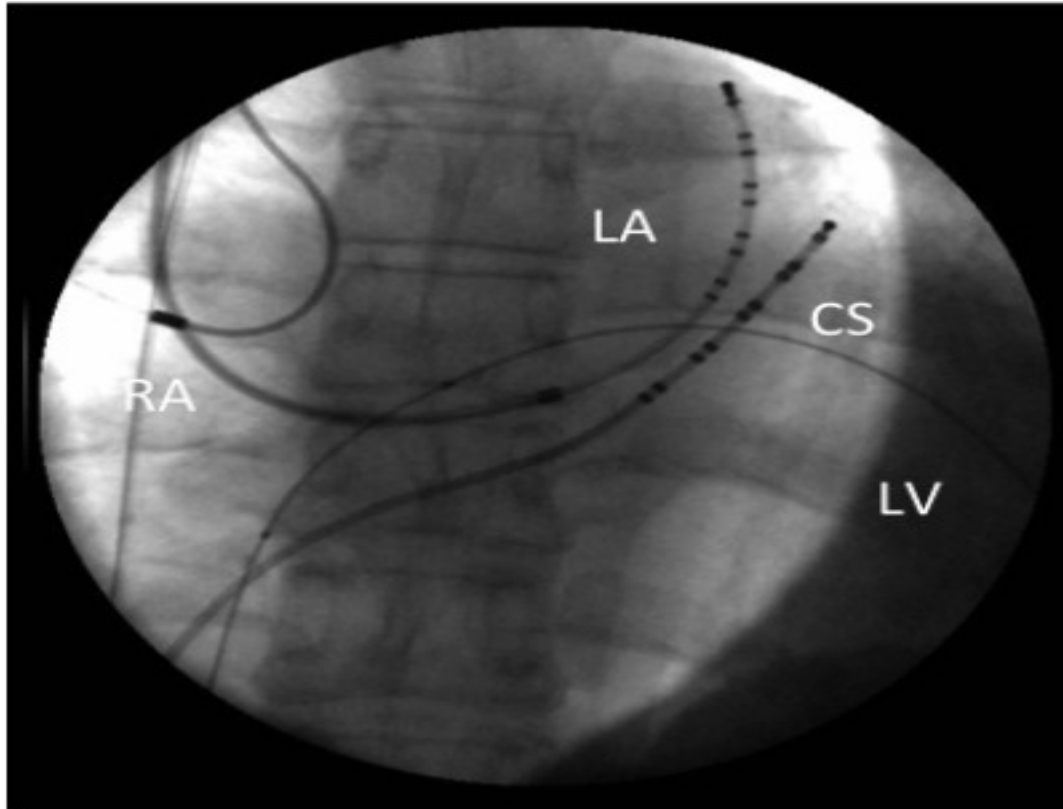


TRANSSEPTAL LEFTVENTRIKÜLER ENDOCARDIAL PACING



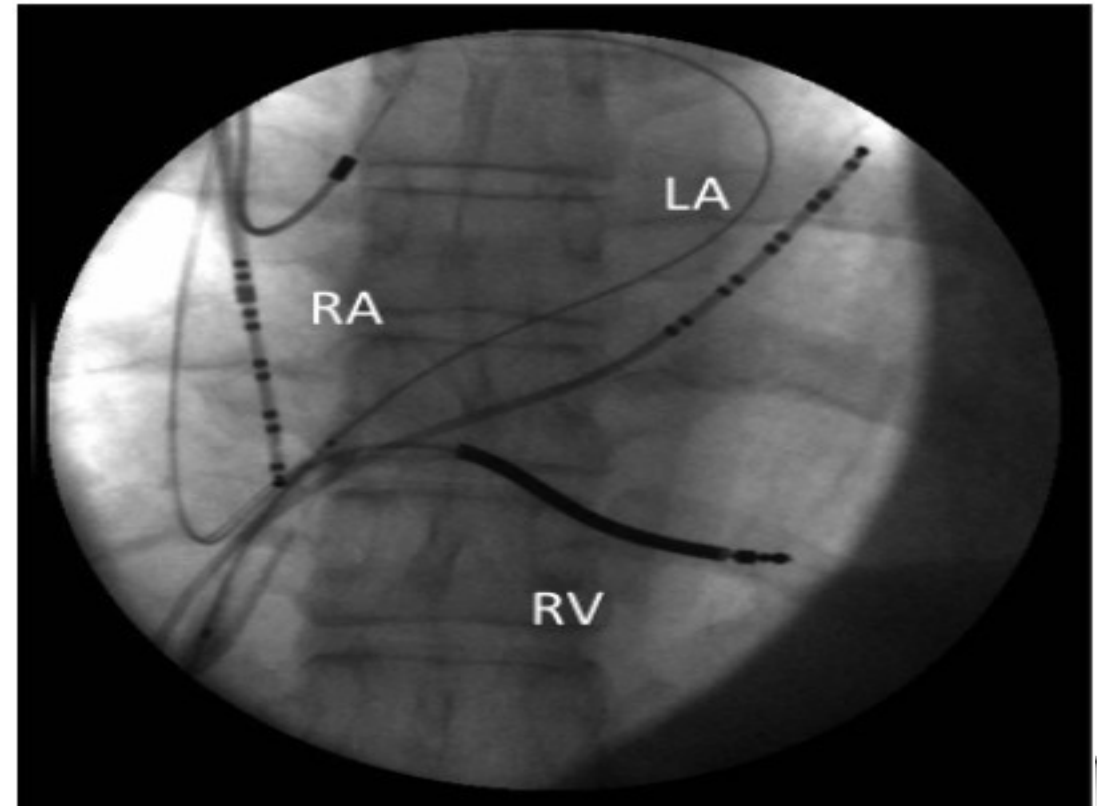
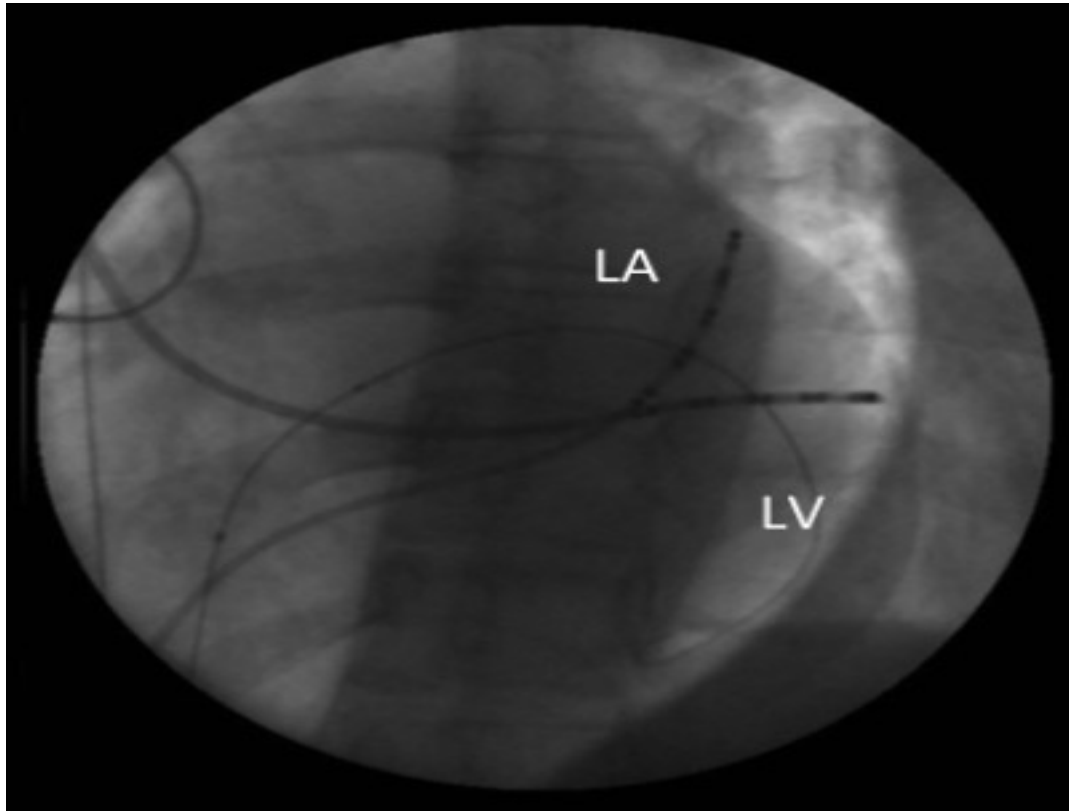
I. NEUHOFF ET.AL. Transseptal Leftventricular Endocardial Pacing is an Alternative Technique in Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy. One Year Experience in a High Volume Center. ROM. J. INTERN. MED., 2016, 54, 2, 121–127

TRANSSEPTAL LEFTVENTRİKÜLER ENDOCARDIAL PACING CRT



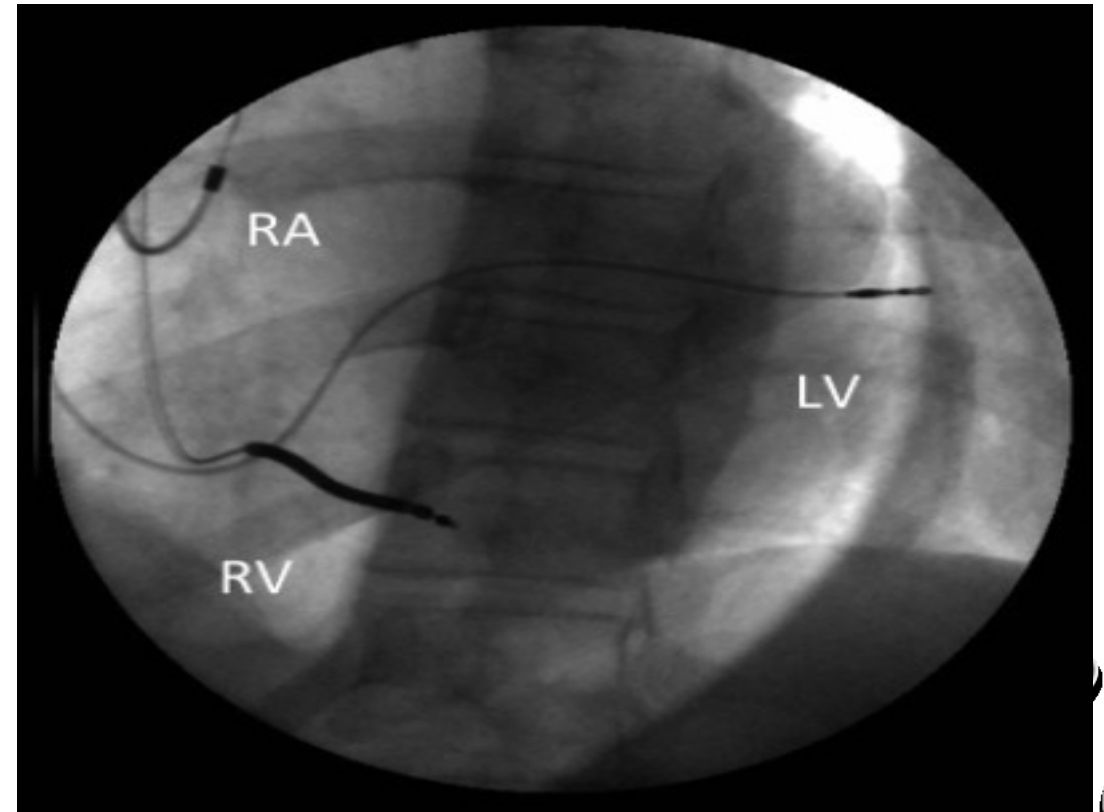
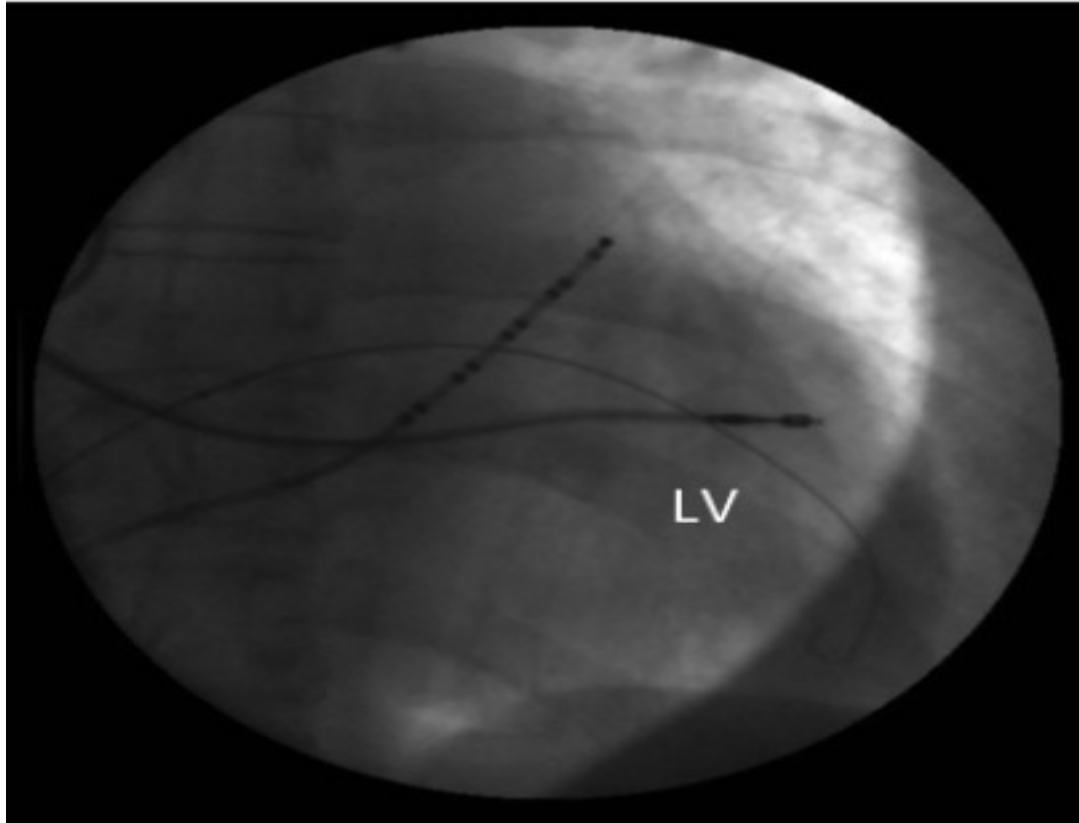
I. NEUHOFF ET.AL. Transseptal Leftventricular Endocardial Pacing is an Alternative Technique in Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy. One Year Experience in a High Volume Center. ROM. J. INTERN. MED., 2016, 54, 2, 121–127

TRANSSEPTAL LEFTVENTRİKÜLER ENDOCARDIAL PACİNG CRT

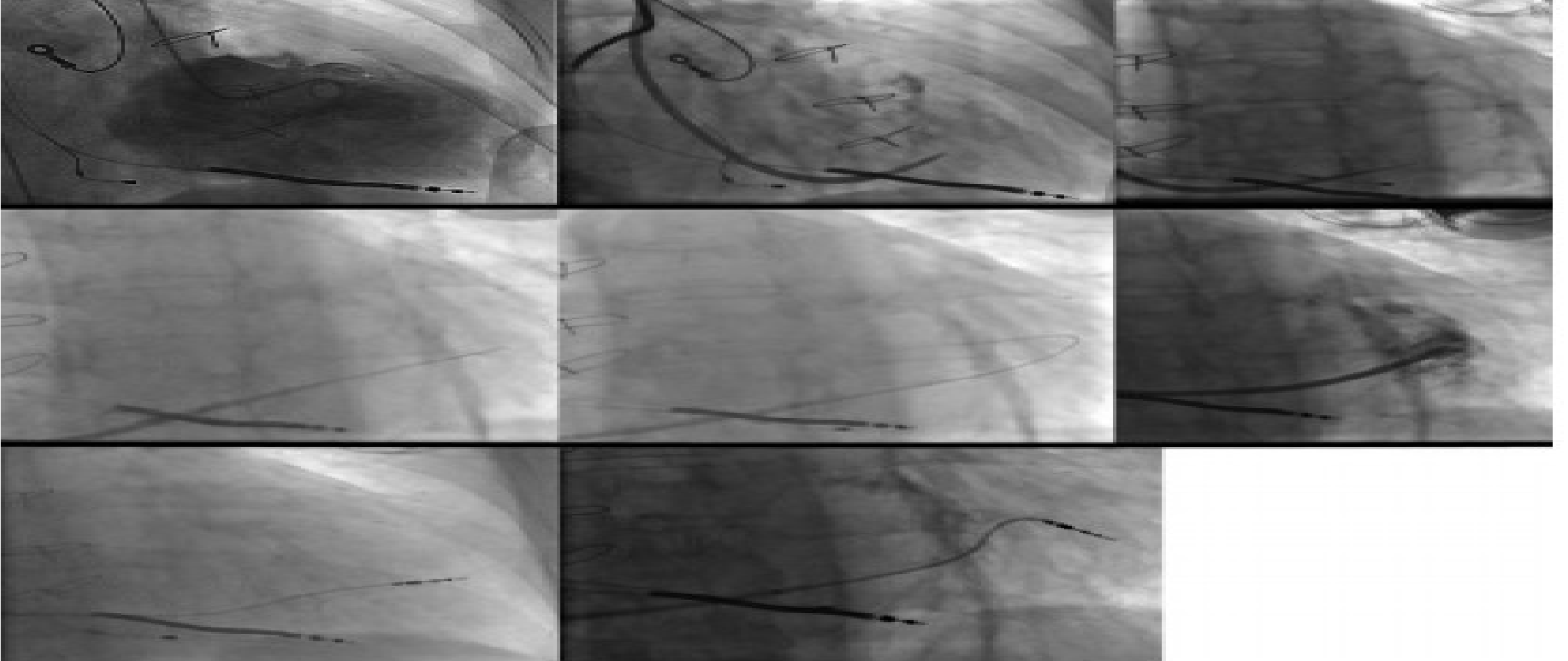


I. NEUHOFF ET.AL. Transseptal Leftventricular Endocardial Pacing is an Alternative Technique in Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy. One Year Experience in a High Volume Center. ROM. J. INTERN. MED, 2016, 54, 2, 121-127

TRANSSEPTAL LEFTVENTRİKÜLER ENDOCARDIAL PACİNG CRT



İNTERVENTRİKÜLER YAKLAŞIM



Tim R. Betts. Development of a Technique for Left Ventricular Endocardial Pacing via Puncture of the Interventricular Septum *Circ Arrhythm Electrophysiol.* 2014;7:17-22

SABRINIZ İÇİN TEŞEKKÜRLER